



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BANGALORE  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2024-25]  
SUBJECT: ENGLISH (LANGUAGE & LITERATURE)

Class: 8  
Date: 12.3.2025  
No of Sides: 8

Max Marks: 80  
Reading Time: 8:00 to 8:15 am  
Writing Time: 8:15 to 11:15 am

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- This question paper consists of 3 sections: A, B and C.
- Section A : Reading
- Section B : Writing and Grammar
- Section C : Literature
- Attempt all the questions and adhere to the word limit.

Q.No	Section A (Reading)	Marks
Q1	<p><b>Read the following passage carefully:</b></p> <p>1. The choices we make on a daily basis—wearing a seatbelt, lifting heavy objects correctly or purposely staying out of any dangerous situation—can either ensure our safety or bring about potentially harmful circumstances.</p> <p>2. You and I need to make a decision that we are going to get our lives in order. Exercising self-control, self-discipline and establishing boundaries and borders in our lives are some of the most important things we can do. A life without discipline is one that's filled with carelessness.</p> <p>3. We can think it's a kind of exciting to live life on the edge. We like the image of "Yeah! That's me! Living on the edge! Woo-hoo!" It's become a popular way to look at life. But if you see, even highways have lines, which provide margins for our safety while we're driving. If we go over one side, we'll go into the ditch. If we cross over the line in the middle, we could get killed. And we like those lines because they help to keep us safe. Sometimes we don't even realize how lines help to keep us safe.</p> <p>4. I'm not proud of this, but for the first 20 years of my life at work, I ignored my limits. I felt horrible, physically, most of the time. I used to tell myself, "I know I have limits and that I've reached them, but I'm going to ignore them and see if or how long I can get by with it." I ran to doctors, trying to make myself feel better through pills, vitamins, natural stuff and anything I could get my hands on. Some of the doctors would tell me, "It's just stress." That just made me mad. I thought stress meant you don't like what you do or can't handle life, and I love what I do. But I kept pushing myself, travelling, doing speaking engagements and so on— simply exhausting myself.</p> <p>5. Finally, I understood I was living an unsustainable life and needed to make some changes in my outlook and lifestyle.</p> <p>6. You and I don't have to be like everyone else or keep up with anyone else. Each of us needs to be exactly the way we are, and we don't have to apologize for it. We're not all alike, and we need to find a comfort zone in which we can enjoy our lives instead of making ourselves sick with an overload of stress and pressure.</p> <p><b>Answer the following questions, based on the passage given above.</b></p> <p>i) Which words describe the writer's attitude when he ignored his limits?</p> <p>1. Careless      2. Happy      3. Adventurous      4. Reckless a) 2 and 3      b) 1 and 4      c) 3 and 4      d) 1 and 2</p>	10

ii) Why do some people enjoy "living on the edge"?

- a) They always want something new and exciting.
- b) They are forced to do so by others.
- c) They do not like changes in life.
- d) They are afraid of following rules.

iii) The phrase "potentially harmful circumstances" means situations that can be:

- a) Very dangerous.
- b) A little dangerous.
- c) Possibly dangerous.
- d) Never dangerous.

iv) What does 'outlook' mean in the passage?

- 1. A person's way of thinking about life.
- 2. A person's memories of life.
- 3. A person's general attitude towards life.
- 4. A person's sadness about life.

- a) 1 and 4      b) 2 and 3      c) 3 and 4      d) 1 and 3

v) What is the main idea of the passage?

- a) We should balance work and fun in life.
- b) We should always try new things.
- c) Life is about taking risks and ignoring rules.
- d) Life is like a bicycle, and we must keep moving.

vi) Infer from the line "You and I don't have to be like everyone else or keep up with anyone else."

vii) According to the passage, why is it important to have discipline and set boundaries in life?

viii) The words "yeah" and "woo-hoo!" are colloquial words. Which of these is not a colloquial word?

- a) Cool      b) Dude      c) Stress      d) Wanna

ix) What does the author mean by "to get our lives in order"?

- a) To start life again.
- b) To make our lives neat and organized.
- c) To forget our past.
- d) To follow what others, do.

**Read the following passage carefully:**

Q2.

1. In a recent study examining the relationship between biodiversity and agriculture, scientists observed that regions practicing traditional farming methods exhibited a richer diversity of both plant and animal species. These areas also demonstrated more resilience to environmental changes, such as droughts and pest invasions.

2. It was noted that around 70% of traditional farming practices across the globe are found in regions where communities have lived in harmony with nature for generations. These methods often involve crop rotation, agroforestry and the use of natural fertilizers.

3. On the other hand, only about 20% of modern, intensive farming regions reported similar levels of biodiversity, highlighting the negative impact of monocultures and chemical fertilizers on local ecosystems. However, around 10% of modern farms are

beginning to adopt sustainable practices, attempting to restore balance to the environment.

4. Among the traditional farming communities, approximately 60% of the species diversity comes from multi-cropping systems, where farmers grow various crops on the same land. Another 30% stems from the preservation of native flora and fauna. The remaining 10% of biodiversity is attributed to organic farming techniques that avoid the use of synthetic chemicals.

5. Further research into how traditional knowledge can be integrated with modern farming techniques is essential. This will not only enhance biodiversity but also ensure food security and sustainable agricultural practices for future generations.

**Answer the following questions based on the passage given above.**

i. What does the use of the phrase 'richer diversity' by the writer, in paragraph 1, indicate about his/her observation? 1

- (A) The writer is emphasizing a problem.
- (B) The writer is highlighting a beneficial outcome.
- (C) The writer is questioning the results.
- (D) The writer is presenting a challenge.

ii. Select the option that is true for the assertion and reason given below. 1

Assertion : Traditional farming methods help preserve biodiversity.

Reason : These methods rely on crop rotation and agroforestry.

(A) Both the assertion and reason are true, and the reason is the correct explanation of the assertion.

(B) Both the assertion and reason are true, but the reason is not the correct explanation of the assertion.

(C) The assertion is true, but the reason is false.

(D) The assertion is false, but the reason is true.

iii. Identify the word in the passage that suggests the negative effects of modern farming methods on biodiversity. 1

iv. How do traditional farming practices contribute to environmental sustainability? 1

v. Read the given prompt and select the correct option in the brackets to fill in the blank. 1

Lila's village, a farming method that avoids synthetic chemicals is widely practiced. The percentage of traditional farming techniques would fall under \_\_\_\_\_ (60% / 30% / 10%)

vi. What does the higher percentage of biodiversity stemming from multi-cropping systems suggest about traditional farming methods? 1

vii. Complete the sentence suitably.

The widespread use of natural fertilizers in traditional farming techniques demonstrates \_\_\_\_\_ 1

viii. Complete the following with a suitable reason.

The most likely reason the writer believes traditional knowledge should be integrated with modern farming techniques is because it can \_\_\_\_\_ 1

2

ix. In the context of the last paragraph, describe the significance of integrating traditional knowledge with modern farming techniques in achieving sustainable agriculture.

20

**Section - B (Grammar and Writing)**

**Q3** Write a letter to the editor of a local daily complaining against the school-bus drivers for rash-driving and overcrowding of buses causing risk to the lives of innocent school children. You are Dipti/Deepak of C-156, Residency Road, Bengaluru.

5

**OR**

Write an article in 150-200 words for your school magazine on the topic "Significance of Ancient Education System of India."

**Q4**

Ramolla started writing a story but couldn't complete it. Taking the help of the information given below, complete the story in about 150-200 words.  
There lived a rich man in Varanasi. He had only one son who had turned ten ...

5

**OR**

Write a speech in 150-200 words on 'Benefits of early rising' to be delivered by you in the morning assembly of your school. You are Karuna/Karan, Head Girl/Head Boy.

**Q5** Complete ANY TEN of twelve of the following tasks, as directed.

10

1. Fill in the blank by choosing the correct option to complete.

He \_\_\_\_\_ before the film started.

(a) slept (b) has slept (c) had slept (d) will have slept.

1

2. Read the conversation between an inspector and the principal. Complete the sentence by reporting the dialogue.

Inspector: What are the arrangements made by the school for feeding these children?

Principal: Each one of the students is given a nutritious mid-day meal every day.

To the query of the inspector about the arrangements made by the school to feed the children, the Principal replied that \_\_\_\_.

1

3. Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given line, from an article from a health magazine.

She \_\_\_ put her mind on her work for she had a very sick feeling in the bottom of her stomach.

(a) could not (b) might not (c) need not (d) dare not

1

4. Select the option that identifies the error and supplies the correction for the following line: Industrial waste must be preventing from polluting our rivers.

1

Option No.	Error	Correction
(a)	must	should
(b)	preventing	prevented
(c)	from	of
(d)	polluting	pollution

5. Complete the given narrative, by filling in the blank with the correct option:

Priest : Trust and compassion can reform a person more than punishment.

Ira : Don't you think the reverse of this approach is more effective?

When a priest told Ira that trust and compassion can reform a person more than punishment, she asked him if \_\_\_\_\_.

- (a) didn't he think that the reverse of that approach was more effective.
- (b) did he not think that the reverse of that approach could be more effective.
- (c) he didn't think that the reverse of that approach had been more effective.
- (d) he didn't think that the reverse of that approach was more effective.

6. Fill in the blank by using the correct form of the word in the bracket:  
Rohit \_\_\_\_ (meet) his best friend yesterday.

7. Convert the following sentence into passive voice.

They helped the new student to complete the assignment.

8. Identify the error in the given sentence, from a school magazine report and supply the correction.

Each and every child were given chocolates.

Use the given format for your response

Error	Correction

9. Report the dialogue between Axar and Nilesh, by completing the narration:

Axar : Where did you spend your holidays?

Nilesh : I went to many hill stations.

Axar asked Nilesh \_\_\_\_\_. Nilesh replied that he had gone to many hill stations.

10. Change the following sentence into passive voice  
Rohith has written this poem.

11. Select the correct options to complete the blanks in the dialogue between two people.

A : \_\_\_\_\_ of these options is correct.

B : Why don't you tell me \_\_\_\_\_ correct option?

- (a) either, the      (b) neither, the
- (c) neither, a      (d) either, a

12. Select the correct option to fill in the blank for the given line.

\_\_\_\_\_ I suggest a slight change in your plan?

- (a) May
- (b) Would
- (c) Must
- (d) Will

Q6

Read the following extract and answer the questions that follow:

Says the ant to the cricket, "I'm your servant and friend,  
But we ants never borrow; we ants never lend.  
But tell me, dear cricket, did you lay nothing by  
When the weather was warm?" Quoth the cricket, "Not I!"

1. The cricket's response to the ant's question was that \_\_\_\_\_  
a) he sang through the warm and sunny months of summers  
b) he was sick  
c) he could not find any food to save  
d) he slept at home and didn't want to go outside to collect food
2. Identify the tone of the ant's voice when he says, "we ants never borrow; we ants never lend"?  
a) humorous      b) serious      c) nostalgic      d) aggressive
3. What is the cricket's response when asked if he saved anything for the winter?  
a) He saved enough      b) he saved nothing  
c) he didn't save enough      d) none of these
4. The ant's decision not to help the cricket during the winter is justifiable. Do you agree to the above statement. Give reason.
5. What lesson can be learned from this poem ?

OR

Ah ! then at times I drooping sit,  
And spend many an anxious hour.  
Nor in my book can I take delight,  
Nor sit in learning's bower,  
Worn thro' with the dreary shower.

1. At times the school boy sits drooping because  
(a) he is always unhappy      (b) he wants to sleep.  
(c) the atmosphere in the class is not good      (d) he has dropped something
2. He cannot take delight in his books because  
(a) he is attracted towards nature      (b) he is dull  
(c) he doesn't like to study      (d) the books are uninteresting
3. The word dreary means  
(a) carefree      (b) playful      (c) gloomy      (d) worried.
4. What message does the poet want to convey through these lines?

Q7

Then they invited the North Wind to stay with them, and he came. He was wrapped in furs, and he roared all day about the garden, and blew the chimney-pots down. "This is a delightful spot," he said, "We must ask Hail on a visit."

1. Who invited the North Wind?  
a) The children      b) the giant and his friend the Cornish ogre  
c) the Snow and the Frost      d) the Hail

2. Identify the figure of speech used in the above extract.

- i) Simile ii) metaphor iii) personification iv) onomatopoeia  
(a) Both (i) and (ii) (c) both (iii) and (iv)  
(b) (ii), (iii) and (iv) (d) all of the above

3. Describe the condition of the garden based on the above extract.

4. Look for the synonym of the word "charming" from the above passage.

OR

My mouth watered, but I wasn't about to be swept away so easily. In school I was among the most promising students. In the fourth standard exams, I had even won a scholarship of four rupees a month. Besides, I came from a particularly well-to-do family, so I enjoyed considerable prestige. I'd never once been beaten so far. On the contrary, Masterji had got me to beat the other boys. For a child of such status, standing there in the middle of the bazaar eating jalebis? No. It wasn't right, I decided. I clenched the rupiyas in my fist and came home.

1. Why did the narrator hesitate to jalebis?

- a) He didn't have enough money  
b) He was afraid of being scolded by his parents  
c) He thought it was not appropriate for a student of his status  
d) He did not like eating sweets

2. What does the phrase "I clenched the rupiyas in my fist" suggest about the narrator's feelings?

- a) He was determined not to spend the money  
b) He was afraid someone might steal his money  
c) He was excited to spend the money later  
d) He was confused about what to do with the money

3. What does the extract reveal about the narrator's character and values?

4. How does the narrator describe his reputation in school, and how does it influence his decision?

Q8. Answer any FOUR of the following questions in about 40 words. (3x4=12)

1. Justify the title of the story "The Best Christmas Present in the World".
2. How does the poet John Keats bring out the beauty of nature during tough times through his poem "On the Grasshopper and the Cricket?"
3. What are the skills one should have to manage natural calamities like Tsunami?
4. Analyze Jody's character in brief. How does his interaction with the fawn reflect his true nature and values?
5. If you were the narrator of the poem, "The Last Bargain" which offer would you accept and why?

Q9

Answer any TWO of the following questions in about 40 words. (2x3=6)

1. Do you think the treatment given to the camel was justified? Analyse briefly.
2. How did the principal's words influence Hafeez Contractor?

Q10	<p>3. Under what circumstances did Velu become a ragpicker?</p> <p><b>Answer any ONE of the following questions in details:</b></p> <p>Imagine you experienced a monsoon season just like the days spent by Ruskin Bond. Write a diary entry recollecting those emotions and experiences. ( A Short Monsoon Diary)</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>"Disability as a Source of Creativity" – Write a letter to your friend discussing how Stephen Hawking and Firdaus Kanga turned their disabilities into strength and how their experiences shape their achievements and inspire others.</p>	6
Q11	<p><b>Answer any ONE of the following questions in details:</b></p> <p>How do kindness and selflessness transform the lives of the protagonists in The Selfish Giant and Princess September? Compare and contrast their roles in shaping the characters' journeys. What lessons do these stories convey about empathy, compassion and generosity?</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>Is physical confrontation the only way to resolve conflicts? What alternative approaches can be used to reach a mutually acceptable settlement? Illustrate your answer with references from the story 'The Fight'.</p>	6

\*\*\*\*\*



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION  
SUBJECT: संस्कृतम्



NAME: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: 27/03/2025  
CLASS & SECTION : 8 A/B/C Marks: 30  
ROLL NO: \_\_\_\_\_ Reading time: 8:00am - 8:10am  
No. of Sides:04 Writing Time: 8:10am- 9:10am

I. अपठितम् - गद्यम्

वयं भारतदेशे निवसामः । तस्मात् वयं भारतीयाः स्मः । अस्माकं संस्कृतिः भारतीय संस्कृतिः । रामायणं भारतीय संस्कृतेः एकः आकरः ग्रन्थः । श्रीरामः अस्माकम् आदर्शपुरुषः । धर्मसंस्थापनाय भूमिम् अवतीर्णः भगवान् नारायणः ।

श्रीरामस्य चरितम् एव रामायणम् । अस्य रचयिता महर्षि वाल्मीकिः । तस्य पिता प्रचेताः । सः एकदा उग्रं तपः आचरत् । तदा तस्य उपरि वल्मीकम् अवर्धत । वल्मीकं भित्वा बहिः आगतः इति कारणात् अयं ऋषिः वाल्मीकिः इति प्रसिद्धः अभवत् ।

अ. एकपदेन उत्तरत

( $\frac{1}{2} \times 2 = 1$ )

1. वयं कुत्र निवसामः ? \_\_\_\_\_

2. रामायणस्य रचयिता कः ? \_\_\_\_\_

आ. पूर्णवाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत

( $1 \times 2 = 2$ )

1. ऋषिः कथं वाल्मीकिः इति प्रसिद्धः अभवत् ?

---

---

2. किमर्थं भगवान् नारायणः भूमिम् अवतीर्णः ?

---

---

3. भाषिकं कार्यम् -

(1x2=2)

१. " सीतापतिः " - इति पदस्य समानार्थकं पदं किम् ? \_\_\_\_\_

२. " सः एकदा उग्रं तपः आचरत् " - अत्र क्रियापदं किम् ? \_\_\_\_\_

ii. रचनात्मकं कार्यम्

अ. चित्रवर्णनम् मञ्जूषा सहायतया त्रीणि वाक्यानि संस्कृतभाषया कुरुत ।

(1x3=3)

मञ्जूषा - पाठयति, छात्राः, अध्यापिका, तिष्ठन्ति, पुस्तकानि, एका बालिका, कृष्णफलकम्



---

---

---

---

---

---

आ. संस्कृतभाषया अनुवादं कुरुत ।

(1x2=2)

01	Students study in the class room.	
02	We are studying in class eight.	

अनुप्रयुक्तम् व्याकरणम्

III.

अ. सन्धि विभज्य / कृत्वा लिखत ।

(1x4=4)

1 मत्तः + अविद्यत = \_\_\_\_\_

2. नान्वमन्यत = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

3. प्रति + अवेक्षत \_\_\_\_\_

4. उष्णकालावसाने = \_\_\_\_\_ + \_\_\_\_\_

आ. समानार्थकं पदं चित्वा लिखत ।

(1x4=4)

1. गृहम् = \_\_\_\_\_ 2. क्षीरम् = \_\_\_\_\_

3. भर्ता = \_\_\_\_\_ 4. यशः = \_\_\_\_\_

ई. प्रश्ननिर्माणं कुरुत ।

(1x2=2)

1. वृक्षच्छायायाम् प्रसुप्तः ब्राह्मणः सर्पम् अपश्यत् ।

2. विद्यार्थी चेत् सुखम् त्यजेत् ।

उ. समुचितानि सङ्ख्यावाचकपदानि लिखत ।

(1x2=2)

1. भ्रमरस्य \_\_\_\_\_ (6) पादाः सन्ति ।

2. एकस्मिन् पक्षे \_\_\_\_\_ (15) दिनानि सन्ति ।

ऊ. प्रत्ययस्य संयोजनम् / विभागं वा कुरुत ।

(1x3=3)

1. रामः विद्यालयं गन्तुम् इच्छति । \_\_\_\_\_
2. बालिका अन्नं खाद् + तुमुन् मनः करोति । \_\_\_\_\_
3. भृगाः जलं पातुम् सरोवरं गच्छन्ति । \_\_\_\_\_

### पठितम् - गद्यम्

स यदा त्रिहायनोऽभवत् तदा तस्य पिता दुर्देवात् कालवशं गतः । जननी आर्याम्बा पत्यः वियोगेन दुःखिता अपि महातेजस्विशिशुरक्षणे बद्धाधराभवत् । पञ्चमवत्सरे बन्धुभिस्तस्योपनयनम् कारयामास । अनुपदमेव गुरुकुलमुपनीतः सः वटुः द्वित्रैरेव वर्षैः सर्वान् वेदान्, वेदाङ्गानि विविधाः भाषाः च अधीतवान् । अधीत्य च सर्वाणि शास्त्राणि, अष्टहायनः कुमारः जगदिदं परिदृश्यमाणं मृगतृष्णाकल्पितमिति निश्चित्य, सर्वसन्यासे दृढमतिरभूत् । तदेकपुत्रा माता तस्च्छां नान्वमन्यत । अथापि स कथञ्चित् तस्याः सम्मतिमवाप्य, गृहं परित्यज्याव्रजत् सद्गुरुं गवेषयमाणः ।

अ. एकपदेन उत्तरं लिखत ।

(½X2=1)

1. शङ्कराचार्यस्य जननी का ? \_\_\_\_\_
2. शङ्कराचार्यः कं गवेषयमाणः आसीत् ? \_\_\_\_\_

आ. एकवाक्येन उत्तरं लिखत ।

(1x2=2)

1. गुरुकुलमुपगतः शङ्करः किं किम् अधीतवान् ?

---

---

---

इ. यथानिर्देशं लिखत ।

(1x2=2)

1. विविधाः भाषाः - अत्र विशेषणम् \_\_\_\_\_
2. अधीत्य - इत्यत्र प्रत्ययः \_\_\_\_\_

\*\*\*\*\*



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU

ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024 - 25 )

SUBJECT: KANNADA

Date: 26.03.25

Class: 8

No. of Sides: 10

Marks: 80

Reading time: 8:00 am - 8:15am

Writing Time: 8:15am - 11:15am

ಸೂಚನೆಗಳು:

- ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 15 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿರುತ್ತವೆ..
- ಈ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ ಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯು ಭಾಗ A ಮತ್ತು ಭಾಗ B ಎಂಬ ಎರಡು ಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಮತ್ತು A B C D ಎಂಬ ನಾಲ್ಕು ವಿಭಾಗಗಳನ್ನು ಒಳಗೊಂಡಿರುತ್ತವೆ.
- ವಿಭಾಗ - A ನಲ್ಲಿ ಒಟ್ಟು 4 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು, 10 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಉಪಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯ 10 ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿರುತ್ತವೆ.
- ಭಾಗ - A ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣದಲ್ಲಿ 10 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು, 5 ಬರವಣಿಗೆಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕದ 5 ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.
- ಭಾಗ - B ( ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ) ವಿಭಾಗ - C ನ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.
- ಭಾಗ -B ( ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) ಅಲ್ಲಿನ ವಿಭಾಗ - D ಯಲ್ಲಿಯ 11 ರಿಂದ 15 ಮುಖ್ಯ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಅಲ್ಲಿ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸೂಚನೆಯಂತೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಬೇಕು.

ಭಾಗ - A ( 40 ಅಂಕಗಳು)	ವಾಚನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	20 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ	15 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆ - ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	5 ಅಂಕಗಳು
ಭಾಗ - B ( 40 ಅಂಕಗಳು )	ಬರವಣಿಗೆ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ	12 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಪಠ್ಯಗಳ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ	28 ಅಂಕಗಳು
	ಒಟ್ಟು ಅಂಕಗಳು	80 ಅಂಕಗಳು

(ಪಾಠನ ಮತ್ತು ಗ್ರಹಿಕಾ ಕೌಶಲ್ಯ) = 10 ಅಂಕಗಳು

1. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

ಪ್ರಾಚೀನ ಭಾರತವು ಕಲಿಕೆಗೆ ಪ್ರಖ್ಯಾತವಾದ ದೇಶವಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಅದಕ್ಕೆ ವೇದಗಳು, ಉಪನಿಷತ್ತುಗಳು, ಸಂಸ್ಕೃತ ಸಾಹಿತ್ಯವೇ ಸಾಕ್ಷಿ. ಜ್ಞಾನವಷ್ಟೆ ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣಕ್ಕೂ ಪ್ರಾಚೀನರು ಆದ್ಯತೆ ನೀಡಿದ್ದರು. ಹೀಗಾಗಿ ದೇಹ ಮತ್ತು ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಸದೃಢವಾಗಲು ಸಹಾಯಕವಾಯಿತು. ಇಂದಿನ ಅನೇಕ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಹೊಂದಿದ ರಾಷ್ಟ್ರಗಳು ಇನ್ನು ನಾಗರಿಕತೆಯ ಹೊಸ್ತಿಲು ಮೆಟ್ಟುವ ಮೊದಲೇ ಭಾರತವು ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ ಮತ್ತು ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಕ್ಷೇತ್ರದಲ್ಲಿ ಮಹತ್ವದ ಸಾಧನೆ ಮಾಡಿತ್ತು.

ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವು ದೈಹಿಕ-ಮಾನಸಿಕ ವಿಕಾಸಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧನ. ಮಾನವನ ದೇಹದ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ವಲಯದ ಸಕ್ರಿಯ ಚಟುವಟಿಕೆಗೆ ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವು ಆದ್ಯತೆ ನೀಡುವುದಲ್ಲದೆ, ವೃದ್ಧಾಪ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಸಂಭವಿಸಬಹುದಾದ ಅನೇಕ ದೈಹಿಕ-ಮಾನಸಿಕ ಕಾಯಿಲೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಸವಾಲಾಗಿ ನಿಲ್ಲುವ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯವನ್ನು ವೃದ್ಧಿಸುತ್ತದೆ. ಅಷ್ಟೇ ಅಲ್ಲದೆ ಚಿಕ್ಕ ವಯಸ್ಸಿನಲ್ಲಿಯೇ ಯೋಗ ಪಾಠವನ್ನು ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಕಲಿಸುವುದರಿಂದ ಅವರಲ್ಲಿ ಮೆದುಳು, ಕಣ್ಣು ಮೊದಲಾದ ಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮ ಅಂಗಗಳು ಚುರುಕುಗೊಳ್ಳಲು ಸಹಾಯ ಮಾಡುತ್ತದೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆಯು ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕ ಮತ್ತು ಪ್ರೌಢಶಿಕ್ಷಣದಲ್ಲಿ ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದೆ. ಯೋಗದ ನಿರಂತರ ಅಭ್ಯಾಸದಿಂದ ಮನೋನಿಯಂತ್ರಣ, ಇಂದ್ರಿಯ ನಿಗ್ರಹ, ಅಧಿಕ ಕಾರ್ಯೋತ್ಸಾಹ ಮೊದಲಾದ ಸಾಮರ್ಥ್ಯಗಳನ್ನು ಬೆಳೆಸಿಕೊಳ್ಳಬಹುದು. ಯೋಗಾಭ್ಯಾಸವನ್ನು ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಬ್ಬರು ಅಭ್ಯಾಸ ಮಾಡಿ ಆಚರಣೆಯಲ್ಲಿರಿಸಿಕೊಂಡರೆ ಇಡೀ ದೇಶ ಎದುರಿಸುತ್ತಿರುವ ಅನೇಕ ನೈತಿಕ ಸವಾಲುಗಳನ್ನು ಎದುರಿಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯ.

ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವು ಸಾಂಪ್ರದಾಯಿಕ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವೆಂಬ ಕಾರಣದಿಂದ ಅನೇಕರು ಇದನ್ನು ಹೀಗೆಯೆವುದುಂಟು. ಆದರೆ ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣದ ಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನು ಅರಿತ ಅನೇಕ ಅಭಿವೃದ್ಧಿ ಹೊಂದಿದ ದೇಶಗಳು ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ತಮ್ಮ ನೆಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಅಳವಡಿಸಿವೆ. ಆದ್ದರಿಂದ ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸುವುದರಿಂದ ಶಿಸ್ತಿನ ಜೀವನ ನಡೆಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

5x1=5

I. ದೇಹ ಮತ್ತು ಮನಸ್ಸಿನ ಆರೋಗ್ಯ ಸದೃಢವಾಗಲು ಸಹಾಯಕವಾಗುವ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇದಾಗಿದೆ.

೧. ಜ್ಯೋತಿಷ್ಯ      ೨. ಛಂದಸ್      ೩. ಯೋಗ      ೪. ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ

II. ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಅಳವಡಿಸುವುದರಿಂದ ಯಾವ ರೀತಿಯ ಜೀವನ ನಡೆಸಲು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ?

೧. ಸೃಷ್ಟಿ      ೨. ಶಿಸ್ತು      ೩. ಸಾಮಾಜಿಕ      ೪. ರಾಜಕೀಯ

III. ಶಿಕ್ಷಣ ಇಲಾಖೆಯ ಯಾವ ಹಂತದಲ್ಲಿ ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವನ್ನು ಕಡ್ಡಾಯಗೊಳಿಸಿದೆ?

೧. ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕ-ಪ್ರೌಢ ೨. ಪ್ರೌಢ-ಕಾಲೇಜ್ ೩. ಪದವಿ-ಪ್ರೌಢ ೪. ಪ್ರಾಥಮಿಕ-ಪದವಿ

IV. ಯೋಗ ಪಾಠವನ್ನು ಮಕ್ಕಳಿಗೆ ಕಲಿಸುವುದರಿಂದ ಯಾವ ಅಂಗ ಚುರುಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ?

೧. ಕೈ ೨. ಮೆದುಳು ೩. ಕೊಡಲು ೪. ಕರುಳು

V. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಓದಿ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ : ೧ ಯೋಗ ಶಿಕ್ಷಣವು ದೈಹಿಕ-ಮಾನಸಿಕ ವಿಕಾಸಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಧನವಾಗಿದೆ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ : ೨ ಯೋಗದ ನಿರಂತರ ಅಭ್ಯಾಸದಿಂದ ಮನೋನಿಯಂತ್ರಣವಾಗುತ್ತದೆ.

೧. ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ. ೨. ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ತಪ್ಪಾಗಿವೆ.

೩. ಮೊದಲಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ೪. ಎರಡನೆಯ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ

2. ಈ ಗದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಬಹು ಆಯ್ಕೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

ಮನುಷ್ಯರಿಂದ ಹಿಡಿದು ಪ್ರಾಣಿಗಳವರೆಗೆ ಎಲ್ಲರೂ ಆಕಳಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ. "ಶ್ವಾಸಕೋಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಪ್ರಾಣವಾಯು ಅಗತ್ಯವಾಗಿ ಬೇಕಾದಾಗ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ" ಎನ್ನುತ್ತಾರೆ ತಜ್ಞರು. ನಮ್ಮ ಸುತ್ತಲೂ ಗಾಳಿ ಪ್ರದೂಷಿತವಾದರೆ ನಮ್ಮ ರಕ್ತವನ್ನು ಶುದ್ಧೀಕರಿಸಲು ದೇಹಕ್ಕೆ ಆಮ್ಲಜನಕ ಅಗತ್ಯ. ಶ್ವಾಸಕೋಶಕ್ಕೆ ಬೇಗನೆ ಆಮ್ಲಜನಕ ಒದಗಿಸಲು ಇರುವ ಒಂದೇ ದಾರಿಯೆಂದರೆ ಬಾಯಿ ತೆರೆದು ಗಾಳಿ ನುಂಗುವುದು. ಇದೇ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ. ಇದನ್ನು ತಡೆಯಬೇಕಾದರೆ, ಹೊರಗೆ ಹೋಗಿ, ಸ್ವಚ್ಛ ಗಾಳಿ ಸೇವಿಸಬೇಕು. ಆಳವಾಗಿ ಉಸಿರಾಡಿದಾಗ, ದೇಹಕ್ಕೆ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಪ್ರಾಣವಾಯು ದೊರೆತು ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ತನ್ನಿಂದ ತಾನೆ ನಿಂತು ಹೋಗುತ್ತದೆ. ನಮಗೆ ಆಯಾಸವಾದಾಗಲೂ ಆಕಳಿಸುತ್ತೇವೆ. ದಣಿದಾಗ ದೇಹದ ಜೀವಕೋಶಗಳು ಪುನರುತ್ಪತ್ತಿಯಾಗಬೇಕು. ಆಗ ದೇಹದ ಎಲ್ಲಾ ಮೂಲೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಶುದ್ಧ ರಕ್ತ ಹರಿಯಬೇಕಾಗುತ್ತದೆ. ರಕ್ತ ಶುದ್ಧಿಗೆ ಆಮ್ಲಜನಕ ಬೇಕು. ನಿರ್ದೇಶನ ಮಾಡಿದರೆ ದೇಹಕ್ಕೆ ವಿಶ್ರಾಂತಿ ಸಿಗುತ್ತದೆ ಮಾತ್ರವಲ್ಲ, ಕ್ರಮಬದ್ಧ ದೀರ್ಘ ಉಸಿರಾಟ ನಡೆದು ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಆಮ್ಲಜನಕವೂ ಸಿಗುತ್ತದೆ. ಒಂದೇ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿ ಬೇಸರವೆನಿಸಿದಾಗಲೂ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ನಮ್ಮ ಉಸಿರಾಟ ಆಳವಾಗಿಲ್ಲ ಮತ್ತು ಶ್ವಾಸಕೋಶಗಳಿಗೆ ಸಾಕಷ್ಟು ಆಮ್ಲಜನಕ ತಲುಪುತ್ತಿಲ್ಲ ಎಂದು ಇದರ ಅರ್ಥ. ಕೆಲಸ ಬಿಟ್ಟು ಸ್ವಚ್ಛ ಗಾಳಿ ಸೇವಿಸುವುದು ಇದಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿಹಾರ. ಅದು ಸಾಧ್ಯವಾಗದಿದ್ದರೆ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಹೊತ್ತು ದೀರ್ಘವಾಗಿ ಉಸಿರಾಡಿ. ಇದರಿಂದ ಬೇಸರ ಹೋಗುವುದಿಲ್ಲವಾದರೂ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಮಾಯವಾಗಬಹುದು.

ಆಕಳಿಕೆ 'ಸಾಂಕ್ರಾಮಿಕ' ಎಂಬ ನಂಬಿಕೆ ಇದೆ. ಒಬ್ಬರು ಆಕಳಿಸುವುದನ್ನು ಕಂಡರೆ ನಮಗೆ ತನ್ನಿಂತೆನ್ನ  
 ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಅಷ್ಟೇ ಏಕೆ ಆಕಳಿಸುವ ಚಿತ್ರ ನೋಡಿದರೂ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ. ಇದು ಮಾನವನ ಸ್ವಭಾವ  
 ವೈಶಿಷ್ಟ್ಯ ಎಂಬುದು ತಜ್ಞರ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ.

5x1=5

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

I. ನಿಧ್ಧೆ ಮಾಡಿದಾಗ ದೇಹಕ್ಕೆ ಆಗುವ ಅನುಕೂಲವೇನು?

೧. ಮನಸ್ಸು ಹಗುರ ೨. ಕನಸು ಬೀಳುವುದು ೩. ವಿಶ್ರಾಂತಿ ೪. ಮಂದ

II. ಒಂದೇ ಕೆಲಸ ಮಾಡಿ ಬೇಸರವೆನಿಸಿದಾಗ \_\_\_\_\_ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ.

೧. ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ೨. ನೋವು ೩. ಆಯಾಸ ೪. ಸಂತೋಷ

III. ಬಾಯಿ ತೆರೆದು ಗಾಳಿ ನುಂಗುವ ಪ್ರಕ್ರಿಯೆಗೆ ಏನೆನ್ನುತ್ತಾರೆ?

೧. ನಿಧ್ಧೆ ೨. ಸಾವು ೩. ಜನನ ೪. ಆಕಳಿಕೆ

IV. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳನ್ನು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿ ಓದಿ ಉತ್ತರ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ : ೧ ಮನುಷ್ಯನಿಗೆ ಆಯಾಸವಾದಾಗ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಬರುತ್ತದೆ.

ಹೇಳಿಕೆ : ೨ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಚಿತ್ರ ನೋಡಿದರೆ ಆಕಳಿಕೆ ಬರುವುದಿಲ್ಲ.

೧. ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ಸರಿಯಾಗಿವೆ. ೨. ಮೇಲಿನ ಎರಡು ಹೇಳಿಕೆಗಳು ತಪ್ಪಾಗಿವೆ.

೩. ಮೊದಲಿನ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ. ೪. ಎರಡನೆಯ ಹೇಳಿಕೆಯು ಮಾತ್ರ ಸರಿಯಾಗಿದೆ

V. ರಕ್ತವನ್ನು ಶುದ್ಧೀಕರಿಸಲು ದೇಹಕ್ಕೆ ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಅಂಶ ಅಗತ್ಯವಾಗಿದೆ?

೧. ಆಮ್ಲಜನಕ ೨. ಜಲಜನಕ ೩. ಸಾರಜನಕ ೪. ಯಾವುದು ಅಲ್ಲ

3. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಯು. ಆರ್ ಅನಂತಮೂರ್ತಿಯವರ ಅವರ 'ಅಮ್ಮ' ಗದ್ಯಭಾಗವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ  
 ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಈ ಊರಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಲಿಗಳ ಕಾಟ ಬಹಳ ಇತ್ತು. ನಮ್ಮಮ್ಮನಿಗೆ ದೂರದಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಲಿ ಕೂಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದರೆ ಥಟ್ಟನೆ  
 ತಿಳಿದುಬಿಡುತ್ತಿತ್ತು. ಹುಲಿಗಳ ಶಬ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ತುಂಬ ಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮವಾಗಿದ್ದ ಜೀವಿಗಳೆಂದರೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಗೆಯ ದನಗಳು. ಅವು  
 ಗಡಗಡ ನಡುಗಲು ಶುರುಮಾಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದವು. ಕೊರಳಿನ ಗಂಟೆ ಜೋರು ಶಬ್ದ ಮಾಡುತ್ತಿತ್ತು. ನಾನು, ನಮ್ಮಮ್ಮ,  
 ನಮ್ಮಜ್ಜೆ ಚಿಮಣಿ ದೀಪದ ಬೆಳಕಲ್ಲಿ ಒಳಗಡೆ ಕೂತು ಎಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಲಿ ನಮ್ಮ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿಗೆಗೂ ನುಗ್ಗಿಬಿಡುತ್ತದೆಯೋ

ಎಂದು ಕಾಯುತ್ತಿದ್ದವು. ಮನೆಗೆ ನಿತ್ಯ ಆಳುಗಳು ಒಂದಾಗೆ ಮಾತು ಶುರುವಾಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದುದು ಯಾವುದೋ ಹುಲಿ ಯಾವುದೋ ದನವನ್ನು ಕಾಡಲಿ ಹಿಡೀತು, ಅವರ ಮನೆ ಬೆಸ ಹೋಯ್ತು. ಇವರ ಮನೆ ಬೆಸ ಹೋಯ್ತು - ಹೀಗೆ ಮಲೆನಾಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಹುಲಿ ಆಗ ನಿಜವಾದ ಹಸಿದ ಕಣ್ಣುಗಳ ಕೋರೆದಾಡೆಯ ಮುಖವಾಗಿತ್ತು. ಸಮಗ ತುಂಬಾ ಭಯವಾದಾಗ ಹೇಳಿಕೊಳ್ಳಲು ಅರ್ಜುನ ಮಂತ್ರವಿತ್ತು. 'ಅರ್ಜುನಃ ಫಲ್ಲಕೋ ಪಾರ್ಥಃ ಶಿರೀಷೇ ಶ್ವೇತವಾಹನಃ' ಇದು ನಮ್ಮಷ್ಟ ಹೇಳಿ ಹೇಳಿಕೊಟ್ಟಿದ್ದು. ಅದನ್ನು ಹೇಳಿಬಿಟ್ಟರೆ ಭಯ ನಿವಾರಣೆ ಆಗುತ್ತೆ ಅಂತ ಹೇಳಿದ್ದರು. ಅದನ್ನು ಹೇಳುತ್ತ ಹೇಳುತ್ತ ನಾವು ನಿಧ್ಧ ಹೋಗುತ್ತಿದ್ದೆವು.

ನನ್ನ ಮೊದಲ ವಿದ್ಯಾಗುರು ನನ್ನ ಅಮ್ಮ. ಅಮ್ಮ ಸ್ಕೂಲಿಗೆ ಹೋಗಿ ಸ್ವಲ್ಪ ಓದಿ ಬರೆಯಲು ಕಲಿತಿದ್ದಳು. ಕರೆಕೊಪ್ಪದ ಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾಗಲೇ ನನಗೆ ಅಕ್ಷರಾಭ್ಯಾಸ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭವಾಗಿದ್ದು. ಆಗ ಸ್ಕೂಲ್ ಹತ್ತಿರ ಇರಲಿಲ್ಲ. ಹಬ್ಬದ ದಿನ ಅದು. "ಸರಸ್ವತೀ ನಮಸ್ತುಭ್ಯಂ ವರದೇ ಕಾಮರೂಪಿಣೀ. ವಿದ್ಯಾರಂಭಂ ಕರಿಷ್ಯಾಮಿ | ಸಿದ್ಧಿರ್ಭವತು ಮೇ ಸದಾ" ಎಂದು ಹೇಳಿ ಅಮ್ಮ ನೆಲದಲ್ಲಿ ಮರಳು ಹರಡಿ ಕೂರಿಸಿ ನನ್ನ ಬೆರಳನ್ನು ಹಿಡಿದುಕೊಂಡು 'ಅ' ಎಂಬ ಅಕ್ಷರವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿಸಿದ್ದಳು. ನಾನು ಶಾಲೆಯಲ್ಲಿ ಅಕ್ಷರ ಕಲಿಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಆರಂಭಿಸುವ ಹೊತ್ತಿಗೆ ಅನೇಕ ಅಕ್ಷರಗಳನ್ನು ಕಲಿತು ಬಿಟ್ಟಿದ್ದೆ.

ಹುಲಿಯ ಭಯದಿಂದಾಗಿ ನನ್ನನ್ನು ಆ ದಿನಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಶಾಲೆಗೆ ಕಳುಹಿಸುತ್ತಿರಲಿಲ್ಲ. ನನಗೆ ಆಗ ರಂಜದ ಹೂವನ್ನು ತಂದು ಪೋಣಿಸಿ ದೊಡ್ಡ ದೊಡ್ಡ ಸರಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿ ಅಮ್ಮನಿಗೆ ಮುಡಿಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕೊಡುವುದು, ನಾನು ಮುಡಿದು ಕೊಳ್ಳುವುದು ಇದರಲ್ಲಿ ಹೆಚ್ಚು ಆಸಕ್ತಿ. ಆಗ ನನಗಿನ್ನೂ ಚೌಲವಾಗಿರಲಿಲ್ಲ. ನನಗೂ ಹೆಣ್ಣು ಮಕ್ಕಳಂತೆ ಉದ್ದ ಕೂದಲಿತ್ತು. ಮಗಳು ಬೇಕೆಂಬ ಅಮ್ಮನ ಆಸೆ ಪೂರೈಕೆಯಾದದ್ದು ಅವರ ಮೂರನೇ ಹೆರಿಗೆಯಲ್ಲಿ. ಅಮ್ಮ ಒಂದೊಂದು ಸಾರಿ ನನಗೆ ಹುಡುಗಿಯರ ಉಡುಪು ತೊಡಿಸಿ ಹೂವು ಮುಡಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಳು.

5x1=5

### ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

೧. ಯಾವ ಮನೆಯಲ್ಲಿದ್ದಾಗಲೇ ಲೇಖಕರ ಅಕ್ಷರಾಭ್ಯಾಸ ಪ್ರಾರಂಭವಾಯಿತು?
೨. ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಹುಡುಗಿಯ ಉಡುಪು ತೊಡಿಸಿ ಹೂವು ಮುಡಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಳು?
೩. ಹುಲಿಗಳ ಶಬ್ದಕ್ಕೆ ತುಂಬ ಸೂಕ್ಷ್ಮವಾಗಿದ್ದ ಜೀವಿಗಳು ಯಾವವು?
೪. ಮಲೆನಾಡಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಯಾವುದು ನಿಜವಾದ ಹಸಿದ ಕಣ್ಣುಗಳ ಕೋರೆದಾಡೆಯ ಮುಖವಾಗಿತ್ತು?
೫. ಲೇಖಕರು ರಂಜದ ಹೂವನ್ನು ಪೋಣಿಸಿ ಸರಗಳನ್ನು ಮಾಡಿ ಯಾರಿಗೆ ಮುಡಿಯುವುದಕ್ಕೆ ಕೊಡುತ್ತಿದ್ದರು?

4. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಎಂ. ಎಂ. ಕಲಬುರ್ಗಿ ಅವರು ಸಂಪಾದಿಸಿ ಪ್ರಕಟಿಸಿರುವ 'ಸಮಗ್ರ ವಚನ ಸಂಪುಟಗಳಿಂದ' ಆಯ್ದು 'ವಚನಾಮೃತ' ಎಂಬ ಪದ್ಯವನ್ನು ಓದಿಕೊಂಡು, ಅದರ ಕೆಳಗೆ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

ಕೃತಯುಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಶ್ರೀ ಗುರು ಶಿಷ್ಯಂಗೆ ಬಡಿದು ಬುದ್ಧಿಯ  
ಕಲಿಸಿದರೆ, ಆಗಲಿ ಮಹಾ ಪ್ರಸಾದವೆಂದೆನಯ್ಯ  
ತ್ರೇತಾಯುಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಶ್ರೀಗುರು ಶಿಷ್ಯಂಗೆ ಬೈದು ಬುದ್ಧಿಯ  
ಕಲಿಸಿದರೆ, ಆಗಲಿ ಮಹಾ ಪ್ರಸಾದವೆಂದೆನಯ್ಯ  
ದ್ವಾಪರಯುಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಶ್ರೀಗುರುವು ಶಿಷ್ಯಂಗೆ ಝಂಕಿಸಿ ಬುದ್ಧಿಯ  
ಕಲಿಸಿದರೆ, ಆಗಲಿ ಮಹಾ ಪ್ರಸಾದವೆಂದೆನಯ್ಯ  
ಕಲಿಯುಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಶ್ರೀಗುರು ಶಿಷ್ಯಂಗೆ ವಂದಿಸಿ ಬುದ್ಧಿಯ  
ಕಲಿಸಿದರೆ, ಆಗಲಿ ಮಹಾ ಪ್ರಸಾದವೆಂದೆನಯ್ಯ  
ಗುಹೇಶ್ವರ, ನಿಮ್ಮ ಕಾಲದ ಕಟ್ಟಳೆಯ ಕಲಿತನಕ್ಕೆ  
ನಾ ಬೆರಗಾದೆನು.

- ಅಲ್ಲಮಪ್ರಭು

ಕಾಯಕದಲ್ಲಿ ನಿರತನಾಡೆ  
ಗುರುದರ್ಶನವಾದಡೂ ಮರೆಯಬೇಕು:  
ಲಿಂಗಪೂಜೆಯಾದಡೂ ಮರೆಯಬೇಕು  
ಜಂಗಮ ಮುಂದೆ ನಿಂದಿದ್ದಡೂ ಹಂಗ ಹರಿಯಬೇಕು  
ಕಾಯಕವೆ ಕೈಲಾಸವಾದ ಕಾರಣ  
ಅಮರೇಶ್ವರ ಲಿಂಗವಾಯಿತ್ತಾದಡೂ ಕಾಯಕದೊಳಗು

- ಆಯ್ದಕ್ಕಿ ಮಾರಯ್ಯ

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳು

5x1=5

೧. ಯಾವ ಯುಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಗುರುವು ಶಿಷ್ಯನಿಗೆ ವಂದಿಸಿ ಬುದ್ಧಿಯನ್ನು ಕಲಿಸುತ್ತಾರೆ?
೨. ತ್ರೇತಾಯುಗದಲ್ಲಿ ಶಿಷ್ಯನು ಯಾವುದನ್ನು ಮಹಾಪ್ರಸಾದವೆನ್ನುವನು?
೩. ಅಲ್ಲಮಪ್ರಭುವಿನ ಅಂಕಿತನಾಮವೇನು?
೪. ಯಾರು ಮುಂದೆ ಬಂದು ನಿಂತರೂ ಹಂಗ ಹರಿಯಬೇಕು?
೫. ಯಾವುದು ಕೈಲಾಸವಾಗುವುದು?

SECTION - B

(ಅನ್ವಯಿಕ ವ್ಯಾಕರಣ ಮತ್ತು ಪಠ್ಯಪೂರಕ ಅಧ್ಯಯನ) = 20 ಅಂಕಗಳು

5. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರವನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

10x1=10

I. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ಸಂಧಿ - ಸಂಧಿ ಪದಗಳನ್ನು ಹೊಂದಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

- |               |                   |
|---------------|-------------------|
| ೧. ಮೃಷ್ಠಾನ್ನ  | ಅ. ಗುಣಸಂಧಿ        |
| ೨. ಏಕೋಪಾಧ್ಯಾಯ | ಆ. ಲೋಪಸಂಧಿ        |
| ೩. ಬೆಂಗಾವಲು   | ಇ. ಸವರ್ಣದೀರ್ಘಸಂಧಿ |
| ೪. ತಾನೆಲ್ಲಿ   | ಈ. ಆದೇಶ ಸಂಧಿ      |

- |          |       |       |       |
|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1) ೧ - ಅ | ೨ - ಆ | ೩ - ಈ | ೪ - ಇ |
| 2) ೧ - ಇ | ೨ - ಅ | ೩ - ಈ | ೪ - ಆ |
| 3) ೧ - ಇ | ೨ - ಈ | ೩ - ಅ | ೪ - ಆ |
| 4) ೧ - ಈ | ೨ - ಇ | ೩ - ಅ | ೪ - ಆ |

II. 'ಕ್ಷಿತಿ' ಈ ಪದದ ಅರ್ಥ \_\_\_\_\_

- |        |         |         |         |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|
| 1) ಕೋಪ | 2) ರೀತಿ | 3) ಗರ್ವ | 4) ಭೂಮಿ |
|--------|---------|---------|---------|

III. 'ದೇಶಕ್ಕೆ' ಈ ಪದದಲ್ಲಿರುವ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿ ಪ್ರತ್ಯಯವು ಈ ವಿಭಕ್ತಿಗೆ ಸೇರಿದೆ.

- |           |          |           |            |
|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|
| 1) ತೃತೀಯಾ | 2) ಪಂಚಮೀ | 3) ಸಪ್ತಮೀ | 4) ಚತುರ್ಥೀ |
|-----------|----------|-----------|------------|

IV. ಸುನೀತಳ ಮಗಳು ತುಂಬಾ ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ ಹುಡುಗಿ. ಗುಣವಾಚಕ ಪದವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

- |           |           |          |         |
|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|
| 1) ಒಳ್ಳೆಯ | 2) ಹುಡುಗಿ | 3) ಸುನೀತ | 4) ಮಗಳು |
|-----------|-----------|----------|---------|

V. 'ಬಳಿ-ಬಲಿ' ಈ ಪದಗಳ ಅರ್ಥವ್ಯತ್ಯಾಸ ಕ್ರಮವಾಗಿ ಹೀಗಿದೆ.

- |                |                  |                |                  |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|
| 1) ಆಕಾಶ, ಮತ್ತು | 2) ತ್ಯಾಗ, ಹತ್ತಿರ | 3) ಬಳ್ಳಿ, ಬಲಿತ | 4) ಹತ್ತಿರ, ತ್ಯಾಗ |
|----------------|------------------|----------------|------------------|

VI. ನೇಸರನು ಬಾನಿನಲ್ಲಿ ಪಡುವಣಕ್ಕೆ ತಿರುಗಿ ಎರಡು ತಾಸುಗಳಾಗಿವೆ. ದಿಗ್ವಾಚಕ ಪದ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

- |         |         |          |         |
|---------|---------|----------|---------|
| 1) ಎರಡು | 2) ನೇಸರ | 3) ಪಡುವಣ | 4) ತಾಸು |
|---------|---------|----------|---------|

VII. ರಾಮಮಂದಿರವನ್ನು ನೋಡಲು ಪ್ರವಾಸಿಗರ ದಂಡೇ ಬಂದಿತ್ತು. ಗೆರೆ ಎಳೆದ ಪದದ ವಿಶೇಷತೆ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ.

- |            |           |               |             |
|------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|
| 1) ಗುಣವಾಚಕ | 2) ರೂಢನಾಮ | 3) ಅನ್ವರ್ಥನಾಮ | 4) ಅಂಕಿತನಾಮ |
|------------|-----------|---------------|-------------|

VIII. ಕೆಳಗೆ ಕೊಟ್ಟಿರುವ ತತ್ವಮ - ತದ್ಭವಗಳ ಸರಿಯಾದ ರೂಪವನ್ನು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

೧. ಪ್ರಯಾಣ - ಪಯಣ

೨. ಕಾವ್ಯ - ಕಬ್ಬ

೩. ಕವಿ - ಕಬ್ಬಿಗ

೪. ಬ್ರಹ್ಮ - ಬೊಮ್ಮ

ಅ) ೧ ಮತ್ತು ೩

ಆ) ೨ ಮತ್ತು ೪

ಇ) ೨ ಮತ್ತು ೩

ಈ) ೧, ೨, ೩ ಮತ್ತು ೪

IX. ಉಟ : ಉಪಚಾರ :: ಗುಡಿ : \_\_\_\_\_ ( ಮೂರನೆ ಪದಕ್ಕೆ ಸಂಬಂಧಿಸಿದ ಪದ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

1) ದೇವಸ್ಥಾನ

2) ಗೋಪುರ

3) ಗಾಡಿ

4) ಗಡಿ

X. ಜನರು ಬಳಲಿದವರಿಗೆ ನೀರನ್ನು ಕೊಟ್ಟರು. ( ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದದ ಧಾತು ಗುರುತಿಸಿ)

1) ಜನರು

2) ಕೊಡು

3) ಕೊಟ್ಟ

4) ಬಳಲಿದವರಿಗೆ

6. ಕೆಳಗಿನವುಗಳನ್ನು ಸೂಚಿಸಿದಂತೆ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ:

5X1=5

೧. ಸಂಕಷ್ಟಕ್ಕೆ ಒಳಗಾದ ಜನರನ್ನು ಆರಕ್ಷಕರು ರಕ್ಷಿಸಿದರು.

( ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ವರ್ತಮಾನ ಕಾಲಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿವರ್ತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

೨. ತಂಗಿ ತಬಲವನ್ನು ಬಾರಿಸುತ್ತಿದ್ದಾಳೆ. ( ಈ ವಾಕ್ಯವನ್ನು ಪುಲ್ಲಿಂಗಕ್ಕೆ ಪರಿವರ್ತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

೩. ಬಾಲಕನು ತನ್ನ ತಪ್ಪನ್ನು ಒಪ್ಪಿಕೊಂಡನು. ( ಕರ್ತೃ ಮತ್ತು ಕ್ರಿಯಾಪದ ಗುರುತಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

೪. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಗಾದೆ ಮಾತಿನ ಅರ್ಥವನ್ನು ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

೧. ಅತಿ ಆಸೆ ಗತಿಗೇಡು

೫. ಪಕ್ಷಪಾತ ( ಈ ಪದವನ್ನು ಬಳಸಿ ಸ್ವಂತ ವಾಕ್ಯದಲ್ಲಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ)

7. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರತಿಯೊಂದು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ ನಾಲ್ಕು ಉತ್ತರಗಳನ್ನು ಕೊಡಲಾಗಿದೆ. ಅವುಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಸರಿಯಾದ ಪದವನ್ನು

ಆರಿಸಿ ಬರೆಯಿರಿ.

5X1=5

೧. ಯಾವುದು ಉಕ್ಕಿ ಆರಿಹೋಗುವ ಮುನ್ನ ಹೊಸ ನಾಡನ್ನು ಕಟ್ಟಬೇಕು?

1) ಕನಸು

2) ಹೊಸನೆತ್ತರು

3) ನೀರು

4) ಕಡಲು ತೆರೆಗಳು

೨. ನಮ್ಮ ಸುತ್ತಲಿರುವ ಕಂದಕಗಳು ಇವು

1) ಜಾತಿ ಮತಗಳು

2) ದ್ವೇಷ

3) ಪ್ರೀತಿ

4) ಕರುಣೆ

೩. ಇದು ಪಾದರಸದಂತೆ ಚಲಿಸುತ್ತದೆ ಎಂಬುದು ಎಚ್. ನರಸಿಂಹಯ್ಯರವರ ಅಭಿಪ್ರಾಯ.

1) ಕಾರು

2) ಸೈಕಲ್

3) ಆಟೋರಿಕ್ಷಾ

4) ಬಸ್ಸು

12. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳಿಗೆ 5-6 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

3X2=6

೧. ವೈದ್ಯೇಶ್ವರ ದೇವಾಲಯದ ನಿರ್ಮಾಣದ ಕಾಲನಿರ್ಣಯಕ್ಕೆ ಸಹಕಾರಿಯಾಗುವ ಅಂಶಗಳಾವುವು? ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

೨. ಶರಣರು ಕೆಡಿಸುವ ನಿದ್ಧೆಯನ್ನು ಹೇಗೆ ಗೆದ್ದಿದ್ದಾರೆ?

13. ಈ ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಸಂದರ್ಭವನ್ನು ಸ್ವಾರಸ್ಯದೊಡನೆ ವಿವರಿಸಿ.

3X2=6

೧. "ನಮ್ಮಯ ದೇಶಕತಿಸಯ ನರೆದಲಗ"

ಅಥವಾ

"ಭಾವ ಶುದ್ಧ ಸ್ಥಿತಿ - ಬೆಳದಿಂಗಳು"

೨. "ಎನಗಿದಚ್ಚರಿ ಎಂತುಟಾರ್ತಂ"

ಅಥವಾ

"ನನಗೂ ಎಲ್ಲೋ ಒಂದೊಂದು ಸಾರಿ ಈ ಕಾಫಿಯ ಪುಣ್ಯ ಸಿಗುತ್ತಿತ್ತು"

14. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

4X1=4

೧. ಮುದ್ದಣನು ಪರಿಹಾಸ ಮಾಡಿದನೆಂದು ಮನೋರಮೆಯು ಹೇಳಲು ಕಾರಣವೇನು?

ಅಥವಾ

ಸಳನ ವಂಶಕ್ಕೆ 'ಹೊಯ್ಸಳ' ಎಂದು ಹೆಸರು ಬರಲು ಕಾರಣವೇನು ?

15. ಕೆಳಗಿನ ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗೆ 8-10 ವಾಕ್ಯಗಳಲ್ಲಿ ಉತ್ತರಿಸಿ.

4X1=4

೧. ಶ್ರೀರಾಮನು ನರೆದಲಗ ಹಾಗೂ ವಿಹಿಯನ್ನು ಸೆರಮನೆಗೆ ಹಾಕಲು ಕಾರಣವೇನು ?

ಅಥವಾ

ಗೆಳತನದ ಮಹತ್ವವನ್ನು ಕಣವಿ ಅವರು ಹೇಗೆ ತಿಳಿಸಿದ್ದಾರೆ ?



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION: 2024-25  
SUBJECT: HINDI ( III LANG)

DATE: 29.03.25  
CLASS: VIII  
NO OF PRINTED SIDES: 5

MARKS: 30  
READING TIME: 8.00 - 8.15 am  
WRITING TIME: 8.15 - 9.15 am

NAME: \_\_\_\_\_

ROLL NO: \_\_\_\_\_

**सामान्य निर्देश :**

1. प्रश्न - पत्र को तीन खंडों में विभाजित किया है -क, ख एवं ग।
2. खंड क में अपठित गद्यांश पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक - 5)
3. खंड ख में व्याकरण पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक - 8)
4. खंड ग में पठित पुस्तक पर आधारित प्रश्न हैं। (अंक - 17)
5. यथा संभव प्रत्येक खंड के प्रश्नों के उत्तर क्रम से लिखिए।

**(खंड - क)**

। निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर सही उत्तर पर सही का निशान लगाइए :- (5)

28 मई, 2023 को भारत के प्रधानमंत्री ने देश के नए संसद भवन का उद्घाटन किया। आर्किटेक्ट बिमल पटेल द्वारा डिजाइन किए गए नए संसद भवन का निर्माण वर्ष 2019 में शुरू हुआ। नया संसद भवन आकार में त्रिकोणीय है। नए संसद भवन का स्वरूप विभिन्न धर्मों में पाई जाने वाली पवित्र ज्यामिति से प्रभावित है। इसका डिजाइन और सामग्री पुरानी संसद के पूरक है, साथ ही दोनों भवनों का एक ही परिसर है। नए लोकसभा कक्ष में मोर के विषय वस्तु को अपनाया गया है, जिसमें दीवारों और छत पर राष्ट्रीय पक्षी के पंखों के समान नक्काशीदार डिजाइन तैयार किए गए हैं, जो टील कार्पेट से सुसज्जित है। लोकसभा कक्ष में वर्तमान में 543 के बजाय 888 सीटें हैं। सेंट्रल हॉल के अभाव में लोकसभा का उपयोग दोनों सदनों की संयुक्त बैठक हेतु किया जाएगा। नए भवन में एक संविधान सभागार बनाया गया है, जहाँ भारतीय लोकतंत्र की यात्रा का दस्तावेजीकरण किया गया है। मूल रूप से वर्ष 1993 में संसद के मुख्य द्वार पर स्थापित की गई महात्मा गाँधी की 16 फुट ऊँची काँस्य की प्रतिमा को पुराने और नए भवनों के बीच स्थानांतरित कर दिया गया है।

1) नए संसद भवन का उद्घाटन किसने किया?

- (i) भारत के राष्ट्रपति ने (ii) भारत के प्रधानमंत्री ने  
(iii) भारत के वित्तमंत्री ने (iv) भारत के अध्यक्ष ने

2) नए संसद भवन का निर्माण किस वर्ष शुरू हुआ?

- (i) वर्ष 2017 (ii) वर्ष 2018  
(iii) वर्ष 2019 (iv) वर्ष 2020

3) गद्यांश के अनुसार वर्तमान में लोकसभा कक्ष में 543 के बजाय कितनी सीटें हैं?

- (i) 888 (ii) 250 (iii) 384 (iv) 848

4) किसकी 16 फुट ऊँची काँस्य की प्रतिमा को पुराने और नए भवनों के बीच स्थानांतरित किया गया है?

- (i) लालबहादुर शास्त्री की (ii) मदन मोहन मालवीय की  
(iii) जवाहरलाल नेहरू की (iv) महात्मा गाँधी की

5) लोकसभा कक्ष में दीवारों और छत पर किसके पंखों के समान नक्काशीदार डिजाइन तैयार किए गए हैं?

- (i) तोता (ii) मोर (iii) गिद्ध (iv) कौआ

(खंड - ख )

1) दिए गए शब्दों के एक-एक पर्यायवाची शब्द लिखिए :-

(2)

(i) प्रगति - \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) गायब - \_\_\_\_\_

(iii) गर्व - \_\_\_\_\_ (iv) किनारा - \_\_\_\_\_

2) दिए गए शब्दों के विलोम शब्द लिखिए :-

(2)

(i) स्वागत x \_\_\_\_\_ (ii) उदार x \_\_\_\_\_

(iii) प्रथम x \_\_\_\_\_ (iv) विदवत्ता x \_\_\_\_\_

3) दिए गए शब्दों में से मूल शब्द और प्रत्यय अलग करके लिखिए :-

(2)

(i) भारतीय - \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) ऐतिहासिक - \_\_\_\_\_

4) वाक्य बनाइए :-

(2)

(i) शताब्दी - \_\_\_\_\_

(ii) विचित्र - \_\_\_\_\_

(खंड - ग)

III नीचे दिए गए प्रश्नों के सही उत्तर पर सही का निशान लगाइए :-

(4)

1) सबसे पहले किस अभिनेत्री ने राष्ट्रीय फिल्म पुरस्कार प्राप्त किया ?

(i) नरगिस दत्त ने

(ii) मधुबाला ने

(iii) मीना कुमारी ने

(iv) देविका रानी ने

2) मास्टर साहब में कौन सा अवगुण था ?

(i) वे बेईमान थे

(ii) वे निर्दयी थे

(iii) वे आलसी थे

(iv) इनमें से कोई नहीं

3) विदेश में पहली भारतीय फिल्म किसने प्रदर्शित की थी ?

(i) हिमांशु राय ने

(ii) सत्यजीत राय ने

(iii) दादा साहब फाल्के ने

(iv) चेतन आनंद ने

4) वीणा किसे देखकर प्रसन्नता से ताली बजाने लगी ?

(i) सूर्य को देखकर

(ii) मारलॉक को देखकर

(iii) आग को देखकर

(iv) कालयात्री को देखकर

(5)

IV निम्नलिखित गद्यांश को पढ़कर सही उत्तर पर सही का निशान लगाइए :-  
 उस दिन जापान के हिरोशिमा शहर का आसमान नीला और साफ था। सूरज चमक रहा था। हिरोशिमा की सातों नदियाँ धीरे-धीरे बह रही थी। गरमी का मौसम था। सूरज की किरणें पानी की सतह पर धिरक रही थी। जापान के कई शहरों पर हवाई हमले हो चुके थे। हिरोशिमा अभी इन हमलों से बचा था। माई 7 साल की थी और वह हिरोशिमा में अपने माता-पिता के साथ रहती थी। कल ही उसका चचेरा भाई गाँव से आया था। वह अपने साथ खेत के कुछ ताजी शकरकंदियाँ लाया था। माई अपने माता-पिता के साथ शकरकंदियों का नाश्ता कर रही थी। माई को शकरकंदियाँ बहुत पसंद थी, तभी एक भयंकर हादसा हुआ। चारों ओर आँखों को चौंथा देने वाली बिजली कड़की, ऐसा लगा जैसे हजारों बादलों से एक साथ बिजली गिरी हो। इस भयानक धक्के के प्रभाव से ऊँची-ऊँची इमारतें काँपने लगी और ढहने लगी। इस प्रलय से कुछ क्षण पहले ही अमेरिका के वायु सेना के विमान इनोला गे ने हिरोशिमा पर विस्फोटक बम को गिराया था। यह कोई साधारण बम नहीं था, यह एक एटम बम था। यह बम हिरोशिमा पर 6 अगस्त 1945 को सुबह 8:00 बजकर 15 मिनट पर गिरा। बम के विस्फोट के धक्के से माई तुरंत बेहोश होकर गिर गई, कुछ घंटे बाद जब उसे होश आया तब चारों तरफ एकदम सन्नाटा था और वह बड़ी मुश्किल से अपनी माँ तक पहुँच पाई।

1) बम विस्फोट के समय वहाँ का मौसम कैसा था ?

- (i) सरदी            (ii) गरमी            (iii) वसंत            (iv) बरसात

2) माई का चचेरा भाई गाँव से क्या लाया था ?

- (i) आलू            (ii) चावल            (iii) सेब            (iv) शकरकंदियाँ

3) हिरोशिमा पर एटम बम गिराने वाले अमेरिका वायु सेना के विमान का क्या नाम था ?

- (i) इनोला गे            (ii) सिनोला गे            (iii) विनोला गे            (iv) पिनोला गे

4) हिरोशिमा के बाद किस जापानी शहर पर एटम बम गिराया गया ?

- (i) टोक्यो            (ii) ओसाका            (iii) लोगतो            (iv) नागासाकी

5) हिरोशिमा पर एटम बम कब गिराया गया ??

- (i) 6 अगस्त 1945 को            (ii) 15 अगस्त 1945 को  
 (iii) 9 जून 1915 को            (iv) 5 दिसंबर 2000 को

V प्रश्नों के उत्तर एक वाक्य में लिखिए :-

1) माचिस की तीली बुझाते ही कालयात्री पर कौन टूट पड़े ?

(4x1=4)

2) बचपन में लेखक को किस नाम से पुकारा जाता था ?

3) व्यावसायिक फिल्मों कब बननी शुरू हुई ? ?

4) कौन सी कहानी चली आ रही है और चलती रहेगी ?

VI प्रश्नों के उत्तर विस्तार से दीजिए :-

(2x2=4)

1) राजा हरिश्चंद्र फिल्म में महिलाओं की भूमिकाएँ किसने की थी तथा क्यों ?

2) नन्हे सुंदर लोग कालयात्री को कहाँ देखकर भयभीत हो गए और रात होते ही नन्हे लोग कहाँ छिप जाते थे ?



**SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU**  
**ANNUAL EXAMINATION (2024-25)**  
**SUBJECT - Mathematics**

Class: VIII

Date: 17-03-2025

Number of printed sides: 07

Marks: 80

Reading Time: 8:00 to 8:15 am

Writing Time: 8:15 to 11:15 am

**GENERAL INSTRUCTIONS:**

- This Question paper contains - five sections A, B, C, D and E. Each section is compulsory. However, there is some internal choice in some questions.
- Section A has 18 MCQ's and 02 Assertion Reason based questions of 1 mark each.
- Section B has 5 Very Short Answer (VSA) questions of 2 marks each.
- Section C has 6 Short Answer (SA) questions of 3 marks each.
- Section D has 4 Long Answer (LA) questions of 5 marks each.
- Section E has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with sub- parts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each.
- Internal Choice is provided in 2 questions in Section-B, 2 questions in Section-C, 2 Questions in Section-D. You have to attempt only one alternative in all such questions.

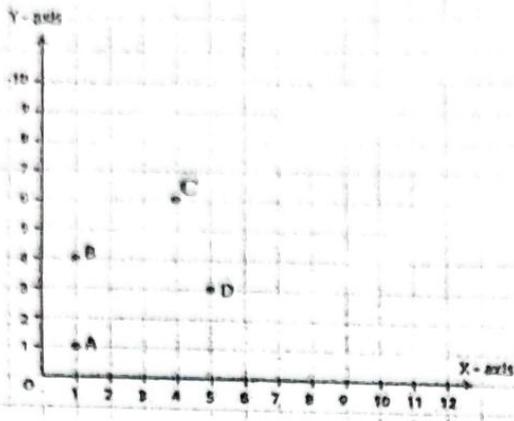
SECTION - A		
1	$\left(-\frac{4}{35}\right) \times \left(-\frac{2}{3}\right)$ equals (a) $\frac{8}{105}$ (b) $-\frac{8}{35}$ (c) $-\frac{8}{105}$ (d) $-\frac{8}{5}$	1
2	Which of the following is a perfect square? (a) 1267                      (b) 608                      (c) 1990                      (d) 16900	1
3	The number of digits in the square root of 390625 are (a) 3                      (b) 4                      (c) 5                      (d) 6	1
4	Which of the following is not a linear equation in one variable? (a) $33z+5=0$ (b) $33(x+y)=0$ (c) $33x+5=0$ (d) $33y+5=0$	1
5	If $5x = 3x + 14$ , then the value of x is (a) 3                      (b) 4                      (c) 5                      (d) 7	1

6	The opposite angles of a parallelogram are $(2x-3)$ and $(45-x)$ , then the value of $x$ is (a) 16                      (b) 18                      (c) 12                      (d) 20	1
7	The value of $x$ in the given figure is (a) $110^\circ$ (b) $100^\circ$ (c) $170^\circ$ (d) $145^\circ$	1
8	In a pie chart the total angle at the center of the circle is _____ (a) $180^\circ$ (b) $360^\circ$ (c) $270^\circ$ (d) $90^\circ$	1
9	If a car covers 432 km in 36 litres of petrol, then the distance covered in 25 litres of petrol will be (a) 250 km                      (b) 300 km                      (c) 325 km                      (d) 372 km	1
10	Which of the following is in inverse proportion? (a) Speed and distance covered                      (b) Speed and time taken (c) Distance covered and time taken                      (d) None of these	1
11	The value of $(3^{-1} + 4^{-1} + 5^{-1})^0$ (a) 0                      (b) 1                      (c) 12                      (d) 2	1
12	The sum of $ab - bc$ , $bc - ca$ and $ca - ab$ is ____ (a) $abc$ (b) $a + b + c$ (c) 0                      (d) $ab + bc + ca$	1
13	The coordinates of point at a distance of 3 units from the x-axis and 6 units from the y-axis is (a) (0, 3)                      (b) (6, 0)                      (c) (3, 6)                      (d) (6, 3)	1
14	The fraction $\frac{2}{5}$ converted to percentage is (a) 20%                      (b) 30%                      (c) 40%                      (d) 50%	1
15	An Item Marked at Rs. 840 is sold for Rs. 714. The discount % is: (a) 10%                      (b) 15%                      (c) 20%                      (d) 25%	1

3  
2  
1

16	Solid figures are (a) 2 D                      (b) 3 D                      (c) 1 D                      (d) 4 D	1
17	Find the common factors of $14pq, 28p^2q^2$ (a) $28pq$ (b) $28p^2q^2$ (c) $14pq$ (d) $14p^2q^2$	1
18	A point which lies on both the axes is (a) (0,0)                      (b) (0, 1)                      (c) (1, 0)                      (d) (1, 1)	1
	<b>Direction for questions 19 and 20 :</b> In question numbers 19 & 20, Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are given. Select the correct option from the following. (a) Both A and R are true and R is the correct explanation of A. (b) Both A and R are true but R is not the correct explanation of A. (c) A is true but R is false. (d) A is false but R is true.	
19	<b>Assertion (A):</b> If 25 persons can finish a job in 10 days then 5 persons will finish it in 2 days. <b>Reason (R):</b> More persons, lesser is the time taken to do the job.	1
20	<b>Assertion (A):</b> Factorisation of $6x-42$ is $6(x-7)$ . <b>Reason (R):</b> Factoring an algebraic expression refers to writing an algebraic expression as a product of its irreducible factors.	1
<b>SECTION-B</b>		
21	The sum of two rational numbers is $\frac{29}{21}$ . If one of the numbers is $\frac{2}{3}$ , then find the other number. <b>OR</b> Simplify : $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{11}{6} + \left(\frac{5}{-6}\right) + \frac{7}{4}$	2
22	Simplify the following for 'x' $3x + \frac{2}{3} = 2x + 1$ <b>OR</b> $9x + 5 = 4(x - 2) + 8$	2
23	Find the smallest number by which 8192 must be divided to make a perfect cube.	2

24 Find the coordinates of points A, B, C, D



2

25 Find the value of  $m$  for which  $5^m$  divided by  $5^{-3}$  is equal to  $5^5$

2

SECTION-C

26 Solve  $\frac{(3x+4)-2x}{(2-5x)-7x} = -\frac{9}{58}$

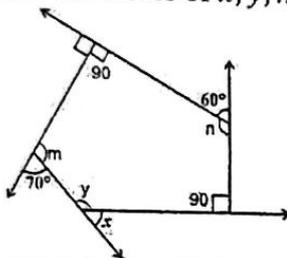
3

OR

Simplify :  $-3x(4x - 5) + 3$  and find its values for  $x = 3$

27 Find the values of  $x, y, m$  and  $n$  in the following figure

3



28 The number of students speaking different languages in a hostel is given below.

3

Display the data in a pie chart.

Languages	No. of Students
Hindi	24
English	15
Marathi	12
Tamil	5
Bengali	4
Total	60

29 Simplify

3

$$(2^{-1} + 3^0 + 5^1 + 7^2 + 9^3) \div \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{-1}$$

OR

$$\left\{\left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{-3} - \left(\frac{1}{2}\right)^{-3}\right\} + \left(\frac{1}{4}\right)^{-3}$$

30	The circumference of the base of a cylinder is 176 cm and its height is 65 cm. Find the volume of the cylinder and also its lateral surface area.	3
31	Jayanti borrowed a sum of Rs. 16000 at compound interest to purchase a washing machine at the rate of 5% per annum for two years. Calculate the amount she will have to pay after two years and also find the interest.	3
<b>SECTION-D</b>		
32	<p>a)(i) Subtract <math>3xy + 5yz - 7zx</math> from <math>5xy - 2yz - 2zx + 10xyz</math></p> <p>(ii) Simplify <math>(2x + 7)(x - 3y) - (9x + 4)(3x - 2)</math></p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>b) From the sum of <math>7 + 3x</math> and <math>6 - 2x + x^2</math>, subtract the sum of <math>2x^2 - 3x</math> and <math>2x^2 + 3x - 9</math></p>	5
33	<p>(i) The two parallel sides of a trapezium are 21 cm and 19 cm and the distance between them is 13 cm. Find the area of the trapezium.</p> <p>(ii) In a building there are 24 cylindrical pillars. The radius of each pillar is 28 cm and height is 4 m. Find the total cost of painting the curved surface area of all pillars at the rate of Rs.8 per <math>m^2</math>.</p>	5
34	<p>(a) Factorise and divide</p> $14xy(25x^2 - 16y^2) \div 6xy(5x + 4y)$ <p>(b) Factorise the following expressions:</p> <p>(i) <math>x^2 + 8x + 16</math></p> <p>(ii) <math>49x^2 - 70x + 25</math></p> <p>(iii) <math>3x^2 + 11x + 6</math></p>	5



35 a) Draw a line graph for the following table with suitable scales on the axes. Answer the questions based on the graph. Interest on deposits for a year.

5

Deposit (Rs.)	1000	2000	3000	4000	5000
Simple interest (Rs.)	80	160	240	320	400

- (i) Does the graph pass through the origin?  
 (ii) Use the graph to find the interest on Rs.2500 for a year.

**OR**

b) The table given below shows the average marks obtained in communication tasks by two schools from the year 2006 to 2011.

Year		2006	2007	2008	2009	2010	2011
Average marks	School A	6	8	11	11	10	11
	School B	4	8	5	10	8	8

Draw two-line graphs for the above data using a suitable scale

**SECTION- E**

36 On the occasion of celebration of Independence Day, a school purchased some sweets to distribute among the students. The sweets were packed in small cubical boxes of edge 3 cm packed in a bigger cubical carton of edge 33 cm such that no space is left in it.

4

Answer the following questions based on the above information:

- (i) Find the surface area of the small cubical box.  
 (ii) What is the volume of the cubical shaped carton?  
 (iii) How many sweet boxes are there in the carton?

**OR**

What is the ratio of the surface area of the bigger carton to the surface area of the small cubical box?

37 A school is an educational institution designed to provide learning spaces and learning environments for the teaching of students under the direction of teachers. Sheila goes to her school by cycle at an average speed of 12 km/hr in 20 minutes and Saina goes to her school by motorcycle at an average speed of 40 km/hr and she reaches home in 15 minutes.. Sheila wants to reach her school in 15 minutes.

4

	<p>(i) What is the relation between speed and time if we keep the distance same?</p> <p>(ii) What should be the average speed of Sheila to reach the school in 15 mins?</p> <p>(iii) what is the distance of the school from Sheila's house?</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>What is the distance of school from Saina's house?</p>	
38	<p>A survey was conducted in primary school students and were asked about how much time they spend on tuition and how much time on self-study. It was found that 90 students take tuition for 1 hour to 1.5 hours. The distribution of students according to time they take tuition is 30% take tuition for 1.5 hours to 2 hours, 20% take tuitions for 1 hour to 1.5 hours, 50% did not take tuition at all. On the basis of this information answer the following questions.</p> <p>(i) How many students were surveyed?</p> <p>(ii) How many students do self-study?</p> <p>(iii) In all how many students take tuitions?</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>what is the ratio of students not taking tuition to students taking tuition for 1.5 hours to 2 hours?</p>	4



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION [2024-25]  
SUBJECT: SCIENCE

Class: VIII  
Date: 24-03-2025  
No of Sides: 07

Max Marks: 80  
Reading Time: 8:00 to 8:15 am  
Writing Time: 8:15 to 11:15 am

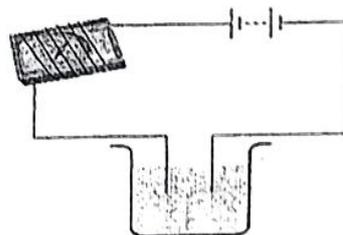
**General Instructions:**

- i. This question paper consists of 39 questions in 5 sections.
- ii. All questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice is provided in some questions. A student is expected to attempt only one of these questions.
- iii. **Section A** consists of 20 objective type questions carrying 1 mark each.
- iv. **Section B** consists of 6 Very Short questions carrying 02 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 30 to 50 words.
- v. **Section C** consists of 7 Short Answer type questions carrying 03 marks each. Answers to these questions should be in the range of 50 to 80 words.
- vi. **Section D** consists of 3 Long Answer type questions carrying 05 marks each. Answer to these questions should be in the range of 80 to 120 words.
- vii. **Section E** consists of 3 case-based units of assessment of 04 marks each with sub-parts.

**SECTION - A**

Select and write one most appropriate option out of the four options given for each of the questions 1 – 20

Q. NO	QUESTIONS	MARKS
1.	On placing an inverted tumbler over a burning candle, the flame extinguishes after some time. This is because of the non-availability of (a) Oxygen (b) Water vapors (c) Carbon dioxide (d) Wax	(1)
2.	Choose the correct statement from the following: (a) It is difficult to transport natural gas through pipes. (b) Natural gas cannot be used directly for burning in homes and factories. (c) Natural gas is stored under high pressure as compressed natural gas (d) Natural gas cannot be used for power generation.	(1)
3.	A student notices that the bulb does not glow in the circuit below. What change can he make in the circuit to make the bulb glow.  (a) Add pinch of sugar to the beaker (b) Cool the water present in the beaker (c) Heat the water in the beaker (d) Add a pinch of common salt to the beaker	(1)



4.	Which of the following is not a balanced chemical equation (a) $2\text{Fe} + 3\text{Cl}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{FeCl}_3$ (b) $\text{N}_2 + 3\text{H}_2 \rightarrow 2\text{NH}_3$ (c) $\text{Fe} + 3\text{H}_2\text{O} \rightarrow \text{Fe}_3\text{O}_4 + \text{H}_2$ (d) $\text{Zn} + \text{S} \rightarrow \text{ZnS}$	(1)
5.	Why does a rubber sucker stick to a surface? a) It is the inherent property of rubber. b) Gravitational force acts on it. c) Elastic spring force acts on it.      d) Atmospheric pressure acts on it.	(1)
6.	Ball bearing is a device which usually converts: a) rolling friction into sliding friction b) static friction into sliding friction c) sliding friction into rolling friction d) rolling friction into static friction	(1)
7.	The loudness of a sound depends on: (a) its amplitude      (b) its frequency. (c) its time period      (d) its speed	(1)
8.	Which crop is NOT grown in the Kharif season? a) Ground nut    b) Rice    c) Barley    d) Cotton	(1)
9.	Sets of reproductive terms are given below. Choose the set that has an incorrect combination. (a) sperm, testis, sperm duct, penis    (b) menstruation, egg, oviduct, uterus (c) sperm, oviduct, egg, uterus      (d) ovulation, egg, oviduct, uterus	(1)
10.	Seema dug two pits, A and B, in her garden. In pit A, she put a polythene bag packed with some agricultural waste. In pit B, she dumped the same kind of waste but without packing it in a polythene bag. She, then covered both the pits with soil. What did she observe after a month? (a) Waste in pit A degraded faster than that in pit B. (b) Waste in pit B degraded faster than that in pit A. (c) Waste in both pits degraded almost equally. (d) Waste in both pits did not degrade at all.	(1)
11.	Which of the following does NOT contribute in nitrogen fixation? a) Rhizobium    b) Azotobacter    c) Penicillium    d) Cyanobacteria	(1)
12.	A national park is facing increasing human encroachment, resulting in habitat destruction, and poaching. What would be the most effective way to handle this situation? a) Open the national park for tourism to generate funds for its conservation. b) Establish stronger security measures, involve local communities, and set up buffer zones to prevent encroachment. c) Relocate wildlife from the national park to other areas. d) Allow selective logging and farming in some areas to reduce human-wildlife conflict.	(1)

1(1)

13.	In animals that reproduce sexually, which of the following is the most significant advantage of external fertilization? a) Greater number of offspring b) Genetic variation c) No energy is required for the offspring's survival d) Protection of offspring by the parent	(1)
14.	What happens when a glass rod is rubbed with silk cloth? a) Electrons are added to it.                      b) Electrons are removed from it. c) Protons are added to it.                         d) Protons are removed from it.	(1)
15.	The front transparent part of the eye is called a) Optic nerve            b) Cornea            c) Iris            d) Retina	(1)
16.	Two plane mirrors are at $45^\circ$ to each other. If an object is placed between them then the number of images will be: (a) 5            (b) 9            (c) 7            (d) 8	(1)
<p>In the following questions 17 to 20, a statement of Assertion is followed by a statement of Reasoning. Choose the correct answer from the following options.</p> <p>(a) Both assertion and reason are correct statements, and reason is the correct explanation for assertion.  (b) Both assertion and reason are correct statements but reason is not the correct explanation for assertion.  (c) Assertion is correct, but reason is the wrong statement.  (d) Assertion is wrong, but reason is the correct statement.</p>		
17.	<b>Assertion (A):</b> We can see non-luminous objects around us. <b>Reason (R) :</b> Light emitted by the non-luminous object falls on the eye.	(1)
18.	<b>Assertion (A):</b> Fertilizers are used to enhance soil fertility. <b>Reason (R):</b> Some microorganisms, fix essential nutrients like Nitrogen in the soil which is important for the growth of the plants.	(1)
19.	<b>Assertion (A) :</b> The passage of an electric current through a conducting liquid causes chemical reactions. <b>Reason (R) :</b> The resulting effects are called chemical effects of current..	(1)
20.	<b>Assertion (A):</b> Amoeba undergoes regeneration where its one cell generates the daughter cells by dividing itself. <b>Reason (R):</b> Amoeba reproduces asexually.	(1)
<b>SECTION - B</b>		
21.	<b>Attempt either A OR B.</b> A) Although wood has a very high calorific value, we still discourage its use as a fuel. Write any two reasons. <b>OR</b> B) Separate the following into combustible and non-combustible substances: Straw, glass, chalk ,charcoal	(2)
22.	What is migration? Why do birds migrate?	(2)

23.	<p>The picture shows cars moving on a mountain road that is under construction.</p> <p>a) Will this road offer more or less friction than properly constructed roads?</p> <p>b) Suggest one way the problem can be solved temporarily until the road is constructed properly. Explain how this will solve the problem.</p>		
24.	<p>Container A has air inside it and container B is empty. From which container will the sound of the alarm bell reach us and why?</p>	(2)	
25.	<p><b>Attempt either A OR B.</b></p> <p>A) Give an example of a rough surface and show how reflection from this surface differs from reflection from a smooth surface.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>B) A reflected ray of light makes an angle of <math>20^\circ</math> with the surface of a mirror. What is the angle of incidence? Show the calculation with the help of a diagram.</p>	(2)	
26.	<p>(a) Name a constituent of petroleum used in:</p> <p>(i) Ointments (ii) surfacing of roads</p> <p>(b) Write any two characteristics of coal tar.</p>	(2)	
<b>SECTION - C</b>			
27.	<p>a) Give reasons for the following</p> <p>i) It is dangerous to burn coal in a closed room.</p> <p>ii) Name any two necessary conditions for combustion to take place.</p> <p>(b) Define calorific value</p>	(3)	
28.	<p><b>Attempt either A OR B.</b></p> <p>A) i) Describe how coal is obtained from dead vegetation. What is this process called as?</p> <p>ii) List any two uses of coke.</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p> <p>B) i) Write any two advantages of using CNG and LPG as fuels.</p> <p>ii) What is meant by Petroleum Refining?</p>	(3)	
29.	<p>After harvesting, a farmer decides to store the fresh crop in the silos he had near his farm. Three days later, when the trucks arrived to take the harvest to factories to process it, they found that the entire harvest had been spoiled by fungi and other microorganisms.</p> <p>i) Mention and explain any two possible reasons for this condition.</p> <p>ii) Suggest two methods to prevent such situation in the future.</p>	(3)	
30.	<p><b>Attempt either A OR B.</b></p> <p>A) i) How does deforestation lead to a) frequent floods b) droughts?</p> <p>ii) How does afforestation contribute to the conservation of biodiversity?</p> <p style="text-align: center;"><b>OR</b></p>	(3)	

- B) i) A new species of plants is introduced to a habitat. What kind of a negative impact can this new species has on the biodiversity of the region?  
 ii) What will happen if all lions are totally killed in a forest?

31. a) What are gametes? Name the gametes produced in humans. (3)  
 b) Write a short note on cloning.
32. a) What causes an earthquake? (3)  
 b) Mention two safety measures that you will take to protect yourself if an earthquake strikes when you are inside the house.  
 c) Name the scale on which the destructive energy of an earthquake is measured.
33. The pulse rate of a man is 80 beats in one minute. Calculate its frequency. (3)

**SECTION - D**

34. **Attempt either A OR B.**

A) i) Fill in the blank places in the given table:

Element	Atomic number	No of electrons	Valency
_____	9	_____	-1
Calcium	20	_____	_____
_____	_____	13	+3

(ii) Distinguish between an element and a compound with an example

**OR**

B) (a) Write the formula and names of the compounds formed by the following ions: (3)

(i) Potassium ion and iodide ion (ii) Magnesium ion and oxide ion (2)

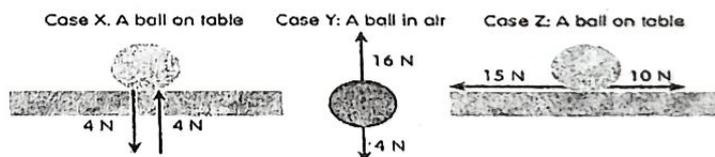
(iii) Zinc ion and chloride ion

(b) Represent the electronic distribution in K, L and M shell through an orbital diagram for an element with atomic number 11. What is the valency of this element?

35. **Attempt either A OR B.**

A) Look at the 3 states of a ball and answer the questions.

(i) In which cases are the forces balanced and in which are they unbalanced?

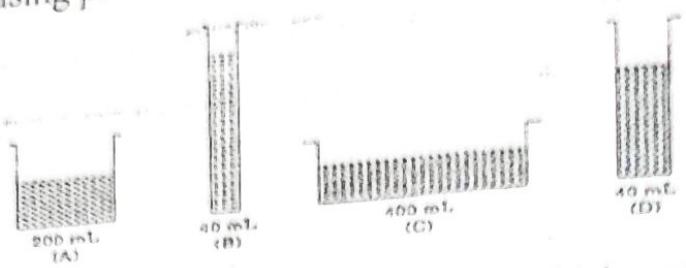


(ii) Calculate the net force on each object and write the state of motion of the object in each case.

(iii) Write one difference between Balanced and unbalanced force

Art  
flu is  
disea  
me

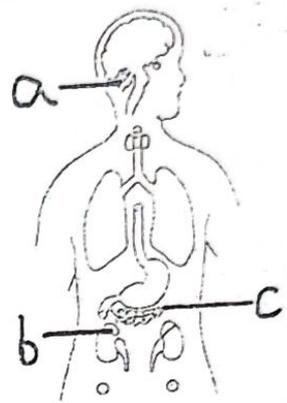
OR  
B) (i) Volume of water in each vessel is shown below. Arrange them in order of decreasing pressure at the base of each vessel. Explain the reason.



(ii) Name any two devices used in everyday life which work on the existence of atmospheric pressure.  
(iii) The tip of a sewing needle is sharp. Give Reason.

36. Attempt either A OR B.  
A) i) what are hormones?

i) Identify the glands indicated in the given diagram and mention the main hormone released by them.  
ii) Which gland is also called the master gland and why?



OR

B) i) "The gender of the baby is determined by the father, not the mother." Explain with the help of a neat diagram.  
ii) A tadpole is kept in iodine deficient water. How will it affect its growth? Explain.

SECTION - E

37. Electroplating is a very useful process used in industries. The process is carried out to have an anti-reactive coating on parts of machines so that they do not react with raw materials. The coating on machines is anti-corrosive and heat resistive. The pollutants like cadmium, lead nickel etc from the electroplating industries are invariably hazardous

Answer the questions given below

(a) Draw the setup for electroplating silver on a copper spoon. Label the positive and negative electrodes. Write the formula and name of the electrolyte used. (3)

Attempt either (b) OR (c).

(b) What do you observe if the above activity is repeated by interchanging the electrodes? Explain. (1)

OR

(c) Mention any two commercial applications of electroplating.

Arun has recently recovered from a flu infection. His doctor told him that flu is caused by a virus, which is a type of microorganism that cause diseases and are spread from one person to another. Doctor prescribed him medicines and advised to maintain hygiene and remain isolated for a few days.

a) How do viruses spread from one person to another?

b) What are communicable diseases? Give one example.

Attempt either (c) OR (d)

c) How are virus different from bacteria?

OR

d) Name two diseases caused by virus other than given in the case and mention any two measures to prevent the spreading of viral diseases.

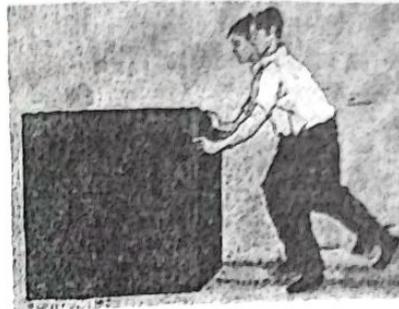
(1)

(1)

(2)

30.

Ankit and his friend were trying to move a heavy box across the room. They found it difficult to push the box on the carpet but noticed it was easier to move on the tiled floor.



(4)

(a) Why was it harder to move the box on the carpet compared to the tiled floor?

(b) What would happen if there was no friction between the box and the floor?

(c) Write two ways to reduce friction and make it easier to move the box.

\*\*\*\*\*



SINDHI HIGH SCHOOL, BENGALURU  
ANNUAL EXAMINATION: 2024-25  
SUBJECT: SOCIAL SCIENCE

DATE: 20/3/2025  
CLASS: VIII  
NO OF PRINTED SIDES: 6

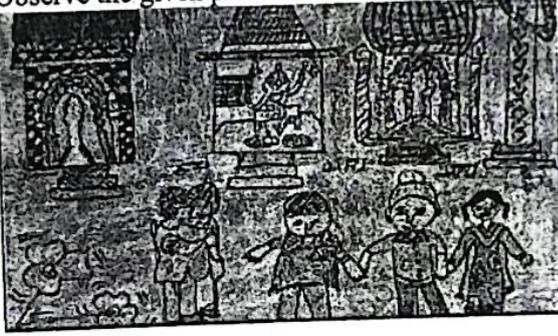
MARKS: 80  
READING TIME: 8.00 - 8.15am  
WRITING TIME: 8.15-11.15am

**General Instruction:**

- i) Question Paper comprises six sections-A, B, C, D, E and F. There are 37 questions in the question paper. All questions are compulsory.
- ii) Section -A- From question 1 to 20 are MCQ of 1 mark each.
- iii) Section- B- Question no. 21 to 24 are very short answer type questions carrying 2 marks each.
- iv) Section- C- contains question no.25 to 29 are short answer type questions carrying 3 marks each.
- v) Section-D- question 30-33 are long answer type questions carrying 5 marks each.
- vi) Section E- question 34 to 36 are case based questions carrying 4 marks each.
- vii) Section-F- Question 37 is map based question carrying 5 marks with two parts, 37a from History (2 marks) and 37 b (3 marks) from Geography.
- viii) There is no overall choice in the question paper. However, an internal choice has been provided in few questions. Only one if the choices in such questions have to be attempted.

Q.N o.	Section A	20x1=20															
1	<p>Match the following</p> <table border="1"><thead><tr><th></th><th>A</th><th>B</th></tr></thead><tbody><tr><td>1</td><td>A History of British India</td><td>a. Census</td></tr><tr><td>2</td><td>First Governor General of India</td><td>b. James Mill</td></tr><tr><td>3</td><td>Survey after every 10 years</td><td>c. Surveys</td></tr><tr><td>4</td><td>Important for effective administration</td><td>d. Hastings</td></tr></tbody></table> <p>i. 1c 2a 3d 4b ii. 1d 2c 3b 4a iii. 1b 2d 3a 4c iv. 1c 2a 3b 4d</p>		A	B	1	A History of British India	a. Census	2	First Governor General of India	b. James Mill	3	Survey after every 10 years	c. Surveys	4	Important for effective administration	d. Hastings	1
	A	B															
1	A History of British India	a. Census															
2	First Governor General of India	b. James Mill															
3	Survey after every 10 years	c. Surveys															
4	Important for effective administration	d. Hastings															
2	<p>Which is the correct option about British administration?</p> <p>a. The British were very particular about preserving official documents. b. Printing began to spread by the middle of the 20<sup>th</sup> century. c. The record rooms were set up attached to a few selected administrative institutions only. d. They believed that the act of writing is difficult.</p>	1															
3	<p>In the questions given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option.</p>	1															

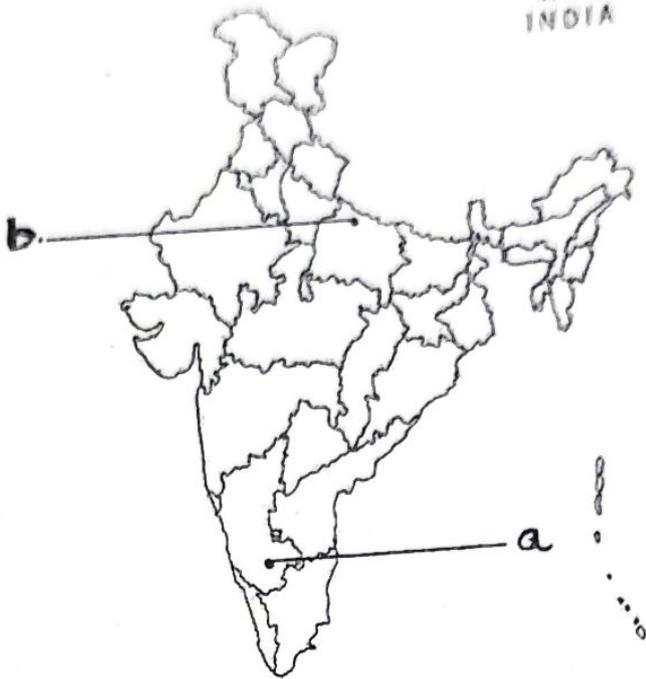


13	_____ percent of the global population resides in 10 countries. a.75                      b.60                      c.65                      d.80	1
14	_____ are people leaving a particular country a. Refugees              b. Immigrants              c. Emigrants              d. Foreigners	1
15	'Time and technology changes a substance into resource'. What is the role of technology in resource development? a Decreases resource value b Has no impact c Converts natural resources into human-made resources d Only used in renewable resources	1
16	When all the citizens of a country are equal before law, it implies: a. Parliamentary rule                      b. Independence of the Judiciary c. Right to equality                      d. Fundamental Rights.	1
17	In the questions given below, there are two statements marked as Assertion (A) and Reason (R). Read the statements and choose the correct option. Assertion (A): Indian constitution does not allow positive interference in religious matters. Reason(R): It should be considered for freedom and equality. a) Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason is explanation of A. b) Assertion (A) and Reason (R) are correct and Reason is not explanation of A. c) Assertion (A) is true and Reason (R) is false. d) Assertion (A) is false and Reason (R) is true.	1
18	Observe the given picture. What message does it convey? 	1
19	People cannot criticize the law already passed by the parliament. True / False	1
20.	How does the M.P's control the government? a. By asking questions                      b. Through complaint to President c. By alarming in the house                      d. None of these	1
<b>Section B</b>		
21	Highlight any two Principles of sustainable development.	2
22	Discuss 'A democratic country needs a constitution'.	2
23	What did Birsa movement aim at?	2
24	'Private companies provide public facilities but at a price that only some people can afford'. With reference to the above statement a. Elaborate public facility.	2

Section C		
25	The British had regained control of the country by the end of 1859, but they could not carry on ruling the land with the same policies any more. Justify.	3
26	'Following Macaulay's minute, the English education act of 1835 was introduced' Give reasons.	3
27	a. Define the term "Adivasis" b. Mention the ways how they are stereotyped.	3
28	Describe briefly the classification of industries on the basis of ownership.	3
29	'There are various factors that affect the distribution of population'. Justify by giving any three geographical factors responsible for this	3
Section D		
30	a. 'The dissatisfaction with British rule intensified in 1870's and 1880's'. Prove the statement.	2
	b. Evaluate how the Non-Cooperation movement gained momentum through 1921-22.	3
OR		
30	a. "The First World war altered the economic and political situation in India". Justify.	2
	b. "The partition of Bengal infuriated people all over India". Infer	3
31	a. Distinguish between Criminal law and civil law.	3
	b. 'In the early 1980's the Supreme court devised a mechanism to increase access to justice'. Explain	2
OR		
31	a. Elaborate the division of work that judiciary does.	3
	b. Compare and contrast 'Integrated judicial system and Appellate system'.	2
32	a. Find the law that made child labour a punishable offence.	2
	b. Describe the advantages to foreign companies in setting up production in India.	3
33	a. Explain shifting cultivation?	2+3
	b. 'Nomadic herding is practised in arid and semi-arid areas'. Infer	
OR		
33	Agricultural practices in India and USA are different. Justify the statement.	5
Section E		
34	<b>Read the extract and answer the following questions.</b> From the early twentieth century, Muslim women like the Begums of Bhopal played a notable role in promoting education among women. By the 1880s, Indian women began to enter universities. Some of them trained to be doctors, some became teachers. Many women began to write and publish their critical views on the place of women in society. a. Where did Begums of Bhopal establish a primary school for girls? b. Name the book published by Tarabai Shinde. c. Write about the role played by educated women in providing support themselves economically.	1 1 2
35	<b>Read the extract and answer the following questions.</b> Water is a vital renewable natural resource. Earth is called the 'water planet'. It was in the primitive oceans that life began almost 3.5 billion years back. Even today, the oceans cover two-thirds of the earth's surface	

	<p>and support a rich variety of plant and animal life. The ocean water is however saline and not fit for human consumption. Fresh water accounts for only about 2.7 per cent. Nearly 70 per cent of this occurs as ice sheets and glaciers in Antarctica, Greenland and mountain regions. Due to their location they are inaccessible. Only 1 per cent of freshwater is available and fit for human use. It is found as ground water, as surface water in rivers and lakes and as water vapour in the atmosphere.</p> <p>1. 'Earth is called the water planet'? Give reason  2. Oceans cover _____ of the Earth's surface.  3. 'Fresh water is the most precious substance on earth'. Mention two ways of water conservation</p>	<p>1 1 2</p>
36	<p><b>Read the extract and answer the following questions.</b></p> <p>The government makes laws to protect its citizens. Yet, this is not the only way in which it takes action. There are specific laws and policies for the marginalised in our country. There are policies or schemes that emerge through other means like setting up a committee or by undertaking a survey etc. The government then makes an effort to promote such policies in order to give opportunities to specific groups. In addition to providing certain facilities, the government also operates through laws /policies is the reservation policy that may is both significant and highly contentious.</p> <p>1. Give one reason why you think reservations play an important role in providing social justice to Dalits and Adivasis.  2. How does the reservation policy work?  3. List any one Fundamental Rights in the Constitution that Dalits can draw upon to insist that they should be treated with dignity and as equals.</p>	<p>1 2 1</p>
Section F		
37a.	<p>I. Identify the following on the given map of India.</p> <p>a. It has grown in strength under the leadership of Haidar Ali and Tipu Sultan.  b. On 10 May, the soldiers marched to the jail in this place and released the imprisoned sepoys.</p> <p>b. On the world map mark the following  Any one country where the following are located-</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Iron and steel industry</li> <li>2. Textile industry</li> <li>3. Information technology industry</li> <li>4. Leading producer of Rice</li> </ol>	2

MAP OF INDIA



3

b





<b>V.</b>	<b>Answer the following Short Answer Questions: (1 x 5 = 5)</b>													
1)	Name the sorting technique which is inefficient for large datasets.	1												
2)	Write a formula to concatenate the text in cells B2 and C2 with a space in between.	1												
3)	List any two industries that utilize data science for decision-making and analysis.	1												
4)	Provide one example of AI improving everyday tasks.	1												
5)	Name two fields where VR technology is widely applied.	1												
<b>VI.</b>	<b>Answer the following questions: (2 x 5 = 10)</b>													
1)	What is the primary focus of the field of Robotics?	2												
2)	What are Arrays in programming?	2												
3)	What is the primary purpose of Data Visualization?	2												
4)	Explain any one advantage of Robot in various applications.	2												
5)	How do you create a Pivot Table from a data range in Excel?	2												
<b>VII.</b>	<b>Do as directed:</b>													
1)	Write the output for the following Excel formulas:  a) =SUBSTITUTE(C1, "H", "h") Note: C1 contains "Hello"  b) =COUNT(A1:A3) <table border="1" style="margin-left: 40px;"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>5</td> <td>8</td> </tr> <tr> <td>2</td> <td>3</td> <td>7</td> </tr> <tr> <td>3</td> <td>9</td> <td>2</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		A	B	1	5	8	2	3	7	3	9	2	2
	A	B												
1	5	8												
2	3	7												
3	9	2												
2)	Consider the following Python Array:  numbers = [10, 20, 30, 40, 50]  Perform the following operations and write the output:  a) numbers.append(60) print(numbers)  b) numbers.index(40) print(numbers)  c) numbers.sort(reverse=True) print(numbers)	3												

\*\*\*\*\*